

Gce a-levels physics june2011 flashcard



**ASSIGN
BUSTER**

Write your name here Surname Other names Centre Number Candidate
Number Edexcel GCE Physics Advanced Subsidiary Unit 1: Physics on the Go
Wednesday 12 January 2011 – Morning Time: 1 hour 30 minutes You do not
need any other materials. Paper Reference 6PH01/01 Total Marks
Instructions Use black ink or ball-point pen. Fill in the boxes at the top of this
page with your name, centre number and candidate number. Answer all
questions. Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more
space than you need. Information The total mark for this paper is 80.

The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as
to how much time to spend on each question. Questions labelled with an
asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be
assessed – you should take particular care with your spelling, punctuation
and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression, on these questions. The
list of data, formulae and relationships is printed at the end of this booklet.
Candidates may use a scientific calculator. Advice Read each question
carefully before you start to answer it.

Keep an eye on the time. Try to answer every question. Check your answers
if you have time at the end. Turn over N37964A ©2011 Edexcel Limited.

N37964A0124 1/1/1/1/ SECTION A Answer ALL questions. For questions
1–10, in Section A, select one answer from A to D and put a cross in the box
and then If you change your mind, put a line through the box mark your new
answer with a cross . 1 Acceleration can be found from the A area under a
distance-time graph. B area under a velocity-time graph. C gradient of a
distance-time graph. D gradient of a velocity-time graph. Total for Question 1
= 1 mark) 2 Which table is correct for scalar and vector quantities? A scalar

vector ? has magnitude has a direction . B scalar vector has magnitude ? has a direction C scalar vector has magnitude has a direction ? D scalar vector has magnitude has a direction ? (Total for Question 2 = 1 mark) 2

N37964A0224 3 Which of the following is not a unit of energy? A N s⁻¹ B kW h C Nm D Ws (Total for Question 3 = 1 mark) Use the following

information to answer Questions 4 and 5. A body is acted on by a vertical force of 18 N and a horizontal force of 32 N. The angle to the horizontal of the resultant force is given by A $\cos^{-1}(18/32)$ B $\tan^{-1}(18/32)$ C $\sin^{-1}(32/18)$ D $\tan^{-1}(32/18)$ (Total for Question 4 = 1 mark) 5 The magnitude of the resultant force in N is A $32 + 18$ B $32^2 + 18^2$ C $32 + 18$ D $32^2 + 18^2$ (Total for Question 5 = 1 mark) *N37964A0324* 3 Turn over 6 Which of the following statements is true for the two forces in a Newton's third law pair? A They have different magnitudes and act in different directions. B They act in different directions on the same body. C They have the same magnitude and are different types of force.

D They are the same type of force and act on different bodies. (Total for Question 6 = 1 mark) 7 A ball is dropped from rest from a building 35.0 m high. If air resistance is neglected the ball hits the ground with a speed of A 8.4 m s⁻¹ B 13.1 m s⁻¹ C 18.5 m s⁻¹ D 26.2 m s⁻¹ (Total for Question 7 = 1 mark) 8 A physics book gives this definition: A material which shows a large plastic deformation under compression. This is the definition for A ductile B hard C malleable D stiff (Total for Question 8 = 1 mark) 4

N37964A0424 A ball bearing is released in a measuring cylinder filled with oil. To increase the time taken for the ball bearing to reach the bottom, which one of the following would have to increase? A the temperature of the

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..... (ii) Show that the initial vertical component of the fluid's velocity is about 6 m s^{-1} .

(1)

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.. (iii) Use these values to calculate the maximum horizontal distance travelled by the fluid.

Assume the fluid leaves the bottle at ground level. (4)

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..... Kinetic energy =

..... (ii) Give a reason why
your value of kinetic energy might be higher than the true value. (1)

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..... (iii) Explain why
your value of kinetic energy might be lower than the true value.

(2)

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