## Homework



## Homework – Paper Example

Lets assume that an? uncle of yours was injured? on? 1/1/05? in an automobile accident. The accident was serious, it was the other drivers fault, and as the result of the accident your uncle will not be able to return to his medical practice where he earned \$210, 000 during calendar year 2004. Your uncles accident occurred on his? 60th birthday (some birthday) and he planned (prior to the accident) to work another eight years (until the end of 2012). ? Your uncle has sustained a large? economic loss because he can no longer count on his substantial earnings from his medical practice. To recover his economic loss, your uncle files suit against the other driver and his insurance company in Wisconsin Civil Court. The case comes to trial at the end of this month, but? your uncle? has? just received a settlement offer from the? insurance company of \$2, 000, 000 to compensate him for his loss of past (2005) and future (2006-2012)? earning capacity. Your uncle seeks your advice in evaluating the settlement offer. In particular, he asks you whether \$2, 000, 000 meets the standard required in Wisconsin Civil Court " that all future economic damages be expressed in? present value terms".

[You should know also that the convention in these legal proceedings is to use the Treasury bond rate as the discount rate.]To give your uncle the advice he seeks you must calcuate the present value of his? expected earnings for the years 2005-2012.? In? making this calculation, assume the following:? a) Your uncle (absent the accident) would have continued to work full time in his medical practice from the date of the accident (1/1/05 until his projected retirement on 12/31/2012.

b) Your uncle earned \$210, 000 in 2004 and expected to have his earnings increase in 2005 and each future year by 8% per year. c) Use 4. 5% as the

annual discount rate to discount projected future earnings to present value. [4. 5% is the approximate current yield of U.

S. Treasury bonds maturing in 2012.]1. Explain/show how you would set up the present value calcuation in your uncles case. What is the present value of his lost expected earnings if we use 4.

5% as the discount rate2. Does the \$2, 000, 000 settlement offer? equal or exceed the full present value of the loss of earnings sustained by your uncle Ignoring the cost of the trial (and the chance that the jury might not find in his favor) should he accept this settlement3.? Does your answer change if we were to use 7. 0 percent as the discount rate Be specific.[Hints: To ease the computational busy work in this problem, please be advised of the following: The present value of \$1 discounted at 4. 5% (and received at the? end of each of the following years) is: 2005? ??????????? \$1.

002006?????????????? \$. 95692007??????????????? \$. 91572008????????????? \$. 87632009??????????????? \$. 83862010????????????? \$. 80252011?????????????? \$. 76792012????????????? \$. 7348The present value of \$1 discounted at 7% (and received at the end of each of the following years) is: 2005????????????? \$1.

002006????????????? \$. 93462007??????????????? 87342008???????????? \$. 81632009????????????? \$.

76292010? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? \$. 71302011? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? \$. 66632012? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? \$. 6227[Note in both cases that income that would have been received? during (or before) the current year? is not reduced in the present value

? ??? PV = (income in year 1)/(1.045)1 + (income in year 2)/(1.045)2 + (income in year 3)/(1.045)3 + (income in year 4)/(1.

045)4 + (income in year 5)/(1. 045)5 + (income in year 6)/(1. 045)6 + (income in year 7)/(1. 045)7? If we were to rewrite this expression using a discount rate of 7%, we would write:? ??? PV = (income in year 1)/(1. 07)1 + (income in year 2)/(1. 07)2 + (income in year 3)/(1. 07)3 + (income in year 4)/(1.

07)4 + (income in year 5)/(1. 07)5 + (income in year 6)/(1. 07)6 + (income in year 7)/(1. 07)7? The information provided in your assignment for this week (see below) just performs these individual calculations for you (on the assumption of \$1 received at the end of? each future year).? Thus (using the 4. 5% case), if you want to calculate the present value of \$300, 000 received in 2008, the PV = \$300, 000\*. 8763 = \$262, 890? The same calculation using a 7% discount rate is: \$300, 000\*.

8163 = \$244, 890? This example illustrates a very important result: other things being equal, the present value of any sum of money to be received in https://assignbuster.com/homework-7/

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the future will vary inversely with the discount rate. The higher the discount
rate, the lower the present value. This explains why the stock market
generally declines when interest rates rise and why housing prices decline
when mortgage rates rise, etc.? The present value of $1 discounted at 4.5%
(and received at the? end of each of the following years) is:
2005???????????? $1.00?? = $1/(1.
(045)22008??????????? $. 8763? = $1/(1.
(045)32009??????????? $. 8386? = $1/(1.
(045)42010???????????? $. 8025? = \frac{1}{(1.)}
(045)52011???????????? $. 7679? = $1/(1.
of $1 discounted at 7% (and received at the end of each of the following
years) is: 2005???????????? $1. 00??? = $1/(1.
07)02006??????????? $. 9346? = $1/(1.)
(07)22008??????????? $. 8163? = $1/(1.
07)32009??????????? $. 7629? = $1/(1.
07)42010???????????? $. 7130? = $1/(1.
07)52011??????????? $. 6663? = $1/(1.
07)62012?????????????$. 6227???? = $1/ (1. 07)7Let me know if
you are still having trouble with any of
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following template may be of some assistance in setting this problem up

Chapter 9 Assignment Template

https://assignbuster.com/homework-7/