

Editorial: pvt1 in cancer

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Editorial on the Research Topic

[PVT1 in Cancer](#)

The plasmacytoma variant translocation 1 (PVT1) gene is located at human chromosome 8q24, downstream of the well-known c-MYC oncogene ([1](#)). As chromosome 8q24 is a chromosomal region of genomic instability, it is not surprising that PVT1 was discovered in the context of cancer. PVT1 is now known to be dysregulated in non-cancerous diseases such as kidney disease (including diabetic nephropathy) ([2](#)), cardiac hypertrophy ([3](#)), vitiligo ([4](#)), osteoarthritis ([5](#)), and asthma ([6](#)). However, PVT1 is much better established to be dysregulated in a wide variety of cancers including plasmacytomas ([7](#), [8](#)), lymphomas ([9](#), [10](#)), leukemias ([11](#), [12](#)), sarcomas (including osteosarcoma) ([13](#), [14](#)), ovarian cancer ([15](#), [16](#)), breast cancer ([16](#), [17](#)), lung cancer ([18](#), [19](#)), astrocytomas ([20](#)), pancreatic cancer ([21](#), [22](#)), prostate cancer ([23](#) – [26](#)), cholangiocarcinoma ([27](#)), gliomas ([28](#)), medulloblastoma ([29](#)), mesothelioma ([30](#)), colorectal cancer ([31](#)), gastric cancer ([32](#)), hepatocellular carcinoma ([33](#), [34](#)), thyroid cancer ([35](#)), bladder cancer ([36](#)), renal cell carcinoma ([37](#), [38](#)), cervical cancer ([39](#)), esophageal cancer ([40](#)), melanoma ([41](#)), endometrial cancer ([42](#), [43](#)), non-small cell lung cancer ([44](#), [45](#)), and cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma ([46](#), [47](#)).

PVT1 has at least 12 annotated exons: exon 1A, exon 1B, exon 1C, exon 2, exon 3A, exon 3B, exon 4A, exon 4B, exon 5, exon 6, exon 7, exon 8, and exon 9 ([1](#)). And it encodes six annotated microRNAs (miRNAs): miR-1204, miR-1205, miR-1206, miR-1207-3p, miR-1207-5p, and miR-1208 ([48](#)). PVT1 is expressed in the various organs throughout the human body. There is

progressively increasing evidence that distinct PVT1 exons, and PVT1-encoded miRNAs have significant biological functions, as discussed in the well-written articles included in our Research Topic entitled “ PVT1 in Cancer.” In addition, there is evidence of alternative splicing at the PVT1 gene, resulting in at least 25 annotated PVT1 transcript variants ([Martinez-Barriocanal et al.](#)). As noted in several of the papers published in the Research Topic “ PVT1 in Cancer,” PVT1 induces cancer development and progression via a variety of biological mechanisms including but not limited to miRNA regulation ([Wang et al.](#)), and as a competing endogenous RNA (ceRNA) ([Ogunwobi and Kumar](#)).

The articles included in the Research Topic “ PVT1 in Cancer” are particularly interesting because they highlight the clinical relevance and potential clinical applications of PVT1 in cancer. For example, the article by [Boloix et al.](#) discusses the potential prognostic applications and the potential to target PVT1 for therapeutic applications in pediatric cancers. All of the other articles discuss potential clinical applications in a variety of adult cancers. Notably, [Ogunwobi and Kumar](#) identify PVT1 as a mediator of cancer chemoresistance. Thus, targeting PVT1 may have a future role in the treatment of many highly lethal cancers such as pancreatic cancer, and neuroendocrine prostate cancer where chemoresistance is common.

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All authors listed have made a substantial, direct and intellectual contribution to the work, and approved it for publication.

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Conflict of Interest

OO is a co-founder of NucleoBio, Inc., a City University of New York start-up biotechnology company.

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