

Economics bubble by cheap money, the securitisation

[Business](#), [Management](#)



Economics uses mathematical models to determine the government policy that maximises social welfare, its conclusions reveal many things about history and have implications for politics and more. It is this broadness that interests me. Economics has been beneficial for me as it has increased my level of critical thinking about broad areas such as the impact of government policies, how they may be improved, as well as the nature of society in general. Following a presentation given by a fellow student in Economics Society last year, I developed a special interest in financial crises. This led me to watch 'The Big Short' which I thoroughly enjoyed.

However, it left me with many questions and I set out to evaluate its level of accuracy. Subsequently, I took a short course on financial crises which was offered at school. Here we discussed the creation of the housing bubble by cheap money, the securitisation of mortgage assets and the implosion of the banks that owned them when house prices began to fall. I read 'Too Big To Fail' (Sorkin) which explained why the implosion of these banks had such a large impact on the real economy, and suggested they be broken up.

Afterwards, I read 'How Markets Fail' (Cassidy) which suggested that free market theory was to blame for the crisis – or rather, its failure to properly account for irrationality. It was interesting to see the contrasting perspectives: one that suggested a practical policy change would be sufficient, and one that supported the idea that a fundamental theoretical revision is necessary. I am currently writing my Extended Project Qualification titled 'Are financial crises inevitable or can they be avoided?'

My A-Level subjects have prepared me well for studying Economics at University. In Mathematics, I have practised using functions, linear algebra to derive equations and calculus. Additionally, Economics lessons has given me an insight into how these methods can be used at an undergraduate level for Economics. For example, I have derived the equation for the Short Run Phillips Curve from the equation for the Short Run Aggregate Supply curve, which required me to turn static variables into dynamic variables, involving complex manipulation. Furthermore, Biology requires many graphical and statistical analysis, which I put into practice at the BASE competition when I had to do a SWAT analysis.

I have a strong work ethic, which can be displayed through my GCSEs, having studied additional courses in Mathematics and Science. I have also developed skills outside of academia which has helped me to become a well-rounded individual. I have been tutoring GCSE students for a charitable tutorial firm which has helped me to develop my interpersonal skills. I was also a prefect at my last school; this has been useful as it has developed my management skills as we put on community events. Altogether, committing to these extracurricular activities outside of school have also improved my time management skills and organisational skills. Having assisted several charity dinners for Brighton Education centre, I have been able to enhance my teamwork skills, as I have been taken out of my comfort zone. Self-studying the FSMQ Additional maths and further additional science have given me great self-discipline, which is a crucial attribute required for a

rigorous degree like Economics. Following my undergraduate degree, I would like to work in a career in finance.

Having completed work experience at Lazard, I was able to see the diversity of the financial sector. I was given the opportunity to shadow analysts, advisors, and asset managers. An opportunity to study this degree at an undergraduate level will be crucial in assisting me to my chosen career; my enthusiasm and appeal for my subject will not only prove beneficial in preparing me for my career, but it will also maximise my potential and help develop me as a person, which is a lifelong process.