

See-i and they are  
abstract, aim,  
introduction,

[Business](#), [Management](#)



SEE-I Method for Grant: State: Grant writing is a type of proposal writing in which an application process is completed for the funding that is provided by the funders. Elaborate: A grant proposal may have different sections and they are abstract, aim, introduction, impact, innovation, methodology, alternate strategy, references, budget and biographical sketches.

For successful grant proposal writing, one must know the length of grant proposal that must be written. There are three types of grant proposal:

Letter of Inquiry: This grant proposal is written to get the interest of funders into the grant. It is typically submitted more than once to the funders. This grant is only two to three pages long that briefly describe the project.

Full Proposal: This grant proposal may range from three to more number of pages. It contains cover letter, summary of the project, and the amount of money that is needed for completing your project from the funders.

Letter Proposal: this type of grant proposal is just a letter rather than a complete grant proposal. But this letter can be two to three pages long, describing the project and the amount of money that is needed to complete the project. Exemplify: Figure 1: Grant Proposal Template

Before writing a grant proposal, we need to be familiar with the funding agency,

understand their goals and priority. Illustrate: Figure 2 : An Illustration of

Grant proposal SEE-I Method for Basic Research: State: Basic Research is driven purely by curiosity and a desire to expand our knowledge.

Elaborate: The Results obtained from basic research are related to general theory and may have immediate or clear implications. There is other type of research called applied research, which is completely different than basic

research. The real difference between two types of research is what they will be used for, will the research be used to help us understand a real world problem and solve it or will the researches are further general information.

Exemplify: The basic research example is a common type and it is evaluation. For Example, Consider we are program evaluators and we want to know if there are rehabilitating substance abusers. We as evaluators may look at, how many people relapse, how many people successfully complete the program, are the funds being divided and utilized properly, what changes could be made to improve the success rate.

The answers to these questions are not applicable to anything, but they act as a catalyst for future applied research for the rehab facility. Illustrate:

Figure 3: Basic Research vs Applied Research SEE-I Method for Gantt Chart:

State: A Gantt chart is a graphical representation of the tasks and resources needed to complete a job or project. Elaborate: Gantt chart is a type of bar chart that shows the time frame of an overall project broken down by each individual task of the project from start date to finish date. It is typically represented using horizontal bars with different colors, representing the difficulty of the task or the amount of time taken to complete the task.

With the help of the Gantt chart, one can easily understand the timeline of a project, project completion details and how critical particular task in the project is. Exemplify: Figure 4 : Gantt chart for work Schedule In the above example the blue colored bar are non critical path, the red colored bar indicates critical path, and there is a slack which is represented using the black lines connected to non critical activities, indicates Saturday and

Sunday that are not working days, they are excluded from the schedule. If the bars cut through a weekend then the bars in the Gantt chart are longer.

Illustrate: Figure 5 : Time Management