

International from reaching their intellectual and physical

[Parts of the World, Asia](#)



International cooperation is needed for building an global arrangement for research, progress and innovation in health as well to upgrade the health status of many populations. International cooperation networks and agreement between countries can help in the development of science and technology which can minimize the vulnerability and inequities between countries. Firstly, the future of country as a super nation also depends on the action taken by national science and technology development and to what level its preferences are assimilated into the global agenda of bilateral and multilateral cooperation.

According to Conass (2007, cited in Andrade & Carvalho 2015, p. 2), “ The World Health Organisation (WHO) estimates that around 50% of therapeutic advances now available are the result of science and technological progress made since 1990”. In addition, international cooperation in the field of research development and innovation is investing US \$ 1.1 billion.

From this evidence it shows that the role of international cooperation may help to qualify the actions of developing countries to minimise their vulnerability in science and technology in health. Health is a global public good, if countries have access to technologies, medications and healthcare services it can improve the health conditions of many populations. Secondly, the global organisation like the SMILING (Sustainable Micronutrient Interventions to Control Deficiencies and Improve Nutritional Status and General Health) project has been working to improve nutritional status and general health in different countries in Asia.

According to Black et al. (2008, cited in Berger et. al 2013, p. 133), “undernutrition is an underlying cause of 3.5 million deaths per year globally and accounts for 35% of the disease burden in children under the age of 5 years”. This evidence suggests that nutritional deficiency can affect billions of people worldwide and prevent children from reaching their intellectual and physical potential impact on the health and human and economic development.

Many different global organisations rank nutritional intervention among the most urgently needed nations or marginalised countries. In this way it can provide opportunity to shape a healthier and more prosperous future for individuals, communities and the larger societies. To conclude funds and innovation supported from collaborative projects bring different countries to work together and helps to develop the nations.