

Medical abbreviations essay



**ASSIGN
BUSTER**

It is characterized by a slow, quiet onset with fever, heart murmur, supplemental, and development of lumps of abnormal tissue, called vegetation's, around an intricacies prosthesis or on the cusps off valve. 14.

SOB (condition/ disease) – Small Bowel Obstruction – A bowel obstruction happens when either your small or large intestine is partly or completely blocked. 15. CLC (condition/ disease) – Small cell lung cancer/ Small Cell Lung Carcinoma – Small cell lung cancer is a cancer of the small cells which make up some of the lung tissue.

It tends to be a more aggressive cancer than large cell lung cancer and can metastasis to other parts of the body. This type of cancer nearly always occurs n a people with a history of smoking. 16. GOT (substance/parameter) – serum glutamine-exaltation transmitted/ an enzyme that catalysts the transfer of the amino group from glutamine acid to exaltation acid forming alpha-accoutering acid and aspartic acid, used to measure liver function.

Also called separate transmitted, SAT, GOT glutamine-exaltation transmitted.

17. SHAD (condition/disease) – Syndrome of Inappropriate Antipathetic Hormone – continued secretion of antipathetic hormone despite low serum commonality and expanded extracurricular volume. 18. SIDES (condition/ disease) – Sudden Infant Death Syndrome – Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDES) is the unexpected, sudden death of a child under age 1 in which an autopsy does not show an explainable cause of death. 19.

SIS (condition/ disease) – contacts -Example syndrome Schwartz-Example syndrome (SIS) is a rare genetic disorder characterized by abnormalities of the skeletal muscles, including muscle weakness and stiffness (monotonic

myopia's); abnormal bone development (bone dysphasia); permanent bending or extension of certain joints in a fixed position Anoint conjunctures); and/or Roth delays resulting in abnormally short stature (dwarfism). -Stevens-Johnson Syndrome – Stevens-Johnson syndrome is a rare, serious disorder in which your skin and mucous membranes react severely to a medication or infection.

Often, Stevens- Johnson syndrome begins with flu-like symptoms, followed by a painful red or purplish rash that spreads and blisters, eventually causing the top layer of your skin to die and shed. 20. SLEW (condition/ disease) – Systemic Lupus Erythrocyte's – an ongoing or chronic disease that can have a widespread effect on the body, including the skin, joints, muscles and other organs. Lupus, also called systemic lupus erythrocyte's, 21 . SOB (signs/ symptoms) – Shortness of Breath 22.

SSP (parameter/ value) – Sun Protection Factor -The ratio of the length of exposure to the sun required to produce a given level of arrhythmia before the application of sunscreen to the length of exposure required to produce such rather after the application of sunscreen. 23. SIRS (drug) – Selective serotonin eruptive inhibitor – a class of drugs that inhibit the eruptive of serotonin in the central nervous system, used to treat depression and other psychiatric disorders 4. Sex (assessment data) – symptoms/ surgery 25. T & A (procedure) – tonsillectomy and identification 26.

ETC (drug) -Tetracycline – A broad spectrum antibiotic (a naphthalene derivative), the parent of oxyacetylene, prepared from collateralizing and also obtained from the culture filtrate of several species of Streptomycin;

also available as tetracycline hydrochloride and tetracycline phosphate complex. Tetracycline fluorescence has Eden uses In statues AT growing tumors Ana and teeth. 27. TAT (drug/ substance) -tetanus antitoxin calcium apposes Ion In developing Done antitoxin given for short-term immunization against tetanus in cases of possible exposure to the tetanus bacillus 28.

TECH (substance) -Dehydrogenation's -a compound that is obtained from cannabis or is made synthetically; it is the primary intoxicant in marijuana and hashish. 29. TIA (condition/ disease/ event) -transient ischemic attack -A brief interruption of the blood supply to part of the brain that causes a temporary impairment of vision, speech, or movement. Usually, the episode lasts for just a few moments, but it may be a warning sign for a full-scale stroke. 30. TM (anatomy) Temporomandibular Joint 31 .

TTS (substance) -Thyroid-stimulating hormone - (also known as TSH or thyrotrophic) is a hormone that stimulates the thyroid gland to produce thyroxine (T₄), and then triiodothyronine (T₃) which stimulates the metabolism of almost every tissue in the body. 32. TSS (condition/ disease) -toxic shock syndrome -Toxic shock syndrome (TSS) is a toxin-mediated acute life-threatening illness, usually precipitated by infection with either *Staphylococcus aureus* or group *Streptococcus* (GAS), also called *Streptococcus pyogenes*. 33. -rous -Treatment" reinterpretations