

# [Various lit 2](https://assignbuster.com/various-lit-2/)

The role of religion in childrens literature and how this role has changed from earlier times to contemporary times Literature has always influenced the mankind since the time this form of manifestation of ideas came into existence. Gradually there emerged a new type of literature namely children’s literature focusing on the children, the builders of the forthcoming generation. “ Literature intended specifically for children did not develop until the mid-seventeenth century. Prior to that time children were perceived as miniature adults or as less than human, as typified by Michel de Montaigne, the sixteenth-century French humanist and essayist.” (Literature for Children). It aimed at educating the children, teaching them morality and assisting them in socialization. The web article entitled Religion, Childrens Literature and Modernity in Europe gives a clear idea about the relevance of religion, the role played by it and the influence it exerted in children’s literature. It says: “ The development of childrens literature reveals a complex pattern of development in its relation to modernity and religion.” (Religion, Children’s Literature and Modernity in Europe).
The debut occurrence of the new genre that is children’s literature was in German English and French; and they were circulated widely in Latin countries through translations between 1780s and 1850s. Most of them were conceived with religious values and morality of the old regime. “ When describing the history of books for children, decorated medieval manuscripts and illustrated early printed books are generally considered the precursors of the form.” (Historical Children’s Literature Collection).
Gradually the church had to control the production of educational books at the time but the enlightenment which followed French revolution contested this order of affairs. Initially it was religion which dominated but gradually its power both in content and editorial system began to decline. The real character of the national children’s literature emerged, making distance from religion during the period from 1880 to 1950. However, preserving some solid positions of power, the religious establishment elaborated the strategies of adaptations. But later on the moral and religious consensus collapsed and religion became more discrete.
A brief biography of Dr. Seuss and a bibliography of his selected 5 works:
Theodor Seuss Geisel was born on 2 March 1904 on Howard Street in Springfield, Massachusetts. He is better known by his pen name Dr. Seuss. After graduation from Dartmouth College in 1925 he proceeded to Oxford University setting the goal of acquiring a doctoral degree in literature. After returning from Europe in 1927 he began submitting both cartoons and humorous articles for Judge, a leading humor magazine in America at the time and this popularized him. His cartoon called Gerald McBoing-Boing won him an Oscar. Theodor Seuss Geisel died on 24 September 1991. (A Brief, Rough Biography of Dr. Seuss).
The 500 Hats of Bartholomew Cubbins is one of the noted works of Dr. Seuss. It depicts what happened when Bartholomew couldnt take his hat off before the king. It is a lovely bit of tom-foolery which keeps up the suspense and surprise until the last page. It was published by Random House in1990. (Seuss).
The Cat in the Hat is a novel of prose and poetry by Dr. Seuss. Through this novel he pays homage to the great Dr. Sigmund Freud in a nightmarish fantasy of a renegade feline helping two young children understand their own frustrated sexuality. It was published by Random House Childrens Books in 1987. (Seuss).
My Many Colored Days is yet another work by Dr. Seuss. This rare and beautiful book is bound to appeal both to the innocent young and the most sophisticated seniors. It was published by Alfred A Knopf in 1998. (Seuss, Johnson, and Fancher).
Lorax is a noted work by Dr. Seuss in which he introduces the character Lorax and through him he warns against mindless progress and the danger it posed to the earths natural beauty. It was published in 1971 by Topeka Bindary. (Seuss).
Works Cited
A Brief, Rough Biography of Dr. Seuss. 1995. 2 Jun. 2009. .
Historical Children’s Literature Collection. University Libraries: University of Washington. 2008. 2 Jun. 2009. .
Literature for Children: The Evolution of Children’s Literature. 2007. 2 Jun. 2009. .
Religion, Children’s Literature and Modernity in Europe. Kadoc. 2009. 2 Jun. 2009. .
Seuss. The 500 Hats of Bartholomew Cubbins. Random House. 1990.
Seuss. The Cat in the Hat. Random House Childrens Books. 1987.
Seuss., Johnson, Steve., and Fancher, Lou. My Many Colored Days. Alfred A Knopf. 1998.
Seuss. Lorax. Topeka Bindary. 1971.