

Phthalic anhydride c8h4o3 structure



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Contents

- Retention Index (Normal Alkane):

Molecular Formula	$C_8H_4O_3$
Average mass	148.116 Da
Density	$1.4 \pm 0.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$
Boiling Point	$295.0 \pm 0.0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ at 760 mmHg
Flash Point	$139.7 \pm 15.9 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
Molar Refractivity	$35.7 \pm 0.3 \text{ cm}^3$
Polarizability	$14.1 \pm 0.5 \cdot 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3$
Surface Tension	$58.1 \pm 3.0 \text{ dyne/cm}$
Molar Volume	$102.6 \pm 3.0 \text{ cm}^3$

- Experimental data
- Predicted - ACD/Labs
- Predicted - EPISuite

- Predicted – ChemAxon
- Predicted – Mcule
- Experimental Physico-chemical Properties

- **Experimental Melting Point:**

131-133 °CAlfa Aesar

130-134 °CAlfa Aesar

129-133 °CMerck

Millipore1922, 800592

130. 8 °CJean-Claude

Bradley Open Melting

Point Dataset21060

132 °CJean-Claude

Bradley Open Melting

Point Dataset8284

131-133 °CAlfa

Aesar41771

130-134 °CAlfa

AesarA14955

131-134

°CSynQuest56195,

2H26-1-01

130-132

°CLabNetworkLN001962

38

- **Experimental Boiling Point:**

295 °C (Sublimes)Alfa Aesar

563 F (295 °C)NIOSHTI3150000

295 °C (Sublimes)Alfa Aesar41771,

A14955

284 °CSynQuest56195, 2H26-1-01

284 °CLabNetworkLN00196238

- **Experimental Ionization Potent:**

10

EvNIOSHTI3150000

- **Experimental Vapor Pressure:**

0. 0015

mmHgNIOSHTI3150000

- **Experimental Flash Point:**

152 °CAlfa Aesar

305 F (151. 6667

°C)NIOSHTI3150000

152 °CAlfa Aesar

152 °F (66. 6667 °C)Alfa

Aesar41771, A14955

152

°CLabNetworkLN001962

38

- **Experimental Gravity:**

20 g/mLSynQuest2H26-1-01

1. 53 g/mLAlfa Aesar41771,

A14955

1. 53 g/mLSynQuest2H26-1-01

1. 53 g/IFluorochem093917

- **Experimental Solubility:**

0.

6%NIOSHTI3150000

- Predicted Physico-chemical Properties

- **Predicted Melting Point:**

131-134 °CJ&K

Scientific906637, 510421

131 °CTCI

131 °CTCIP1614

- Miscellaneous

- **Appearance:**

White solid (flake) or a clear, colorless, mobile liquid (molten) with a characteristic, acrid odor. NIOSHTI3150000

- **Safety:**

22-37/38-41-42/43Alfa

Aesar41771, A14955

23-24/25-26-37/39-

46Alfa Aesar41771,

A14955

8Alfa Aesar41771,

A14955

DangerAlfa Aesar41771,

A14955

DANGER: CORROSIVE,
burns skin and eyesAlfa

AesarA14955

H334-H318-H302-H335-

H315-H317Alfa

Aesar41771, A14955

Harmful/Irritant/

Dangerous for the

Environment/Skin and

respiratory

sensitizerSynQuest2H26-

1-01, 56195

IRRITANTMatrix

Scientific099103

P285-P261-P280-

P305+P351+P338-P405-

P501aAlfa Aesar41771,

A14955

R20/21/22, R36/37/38,

R42, R43,

R52SynQuest2H26-1-01,

56195

S13, S22, S24/25, S26,
S36/37/39, S45,
S61SynQuest2H26-1-01,
56195

WARNING: Irritates skin
and eyesAlfa Aesar41771

WARNING: Irritates skin
and eyes, harmful if
swallowedAlfa
Aesar41771, A14955

XnAbblis
ChemicalsAB1002188

- **First-Aid:**

Eye: Irrigate immediately

Skin: Soap wash

promptly Breathing:

Respiratory support

Swallow: Medical

attention

immediatelyNIOSH315

0000

- **Exposure Routes:**

inhalation, ingestion,

skin and/or eye

contact NIOSHTI3150000

- **Symptoms:**

Irritation eyes, skin,

upper respiratory

system; conjunctivitis;

nasal ulcer bleeding;

bronchitis, bronchial

asthma; dermatitis; in

animals: liver, kidney

damage NIOSHTI3150000

- **Target Organs:**

Eyes, skin, respiratory

system, liver,

kidneys NIOSHTI3150000

- **Incompatibility:**

Strong oxidizers, water

[Note: Converted to

phthalic acid in hot

water.]NIOSHTI3150000

- **Personal Protection:**

Skin: Prevent skin

contact Eyes: Prevent

eye contact Wash skin:

When contaminated

Remove: When wet or

contaminated Change:

DailyNIOSHTI3150000

- **Exposure Limits:**

NIOSH REL : TWA 6

mg/m³ (1 ppm) OSHA

PEL ? : TWA 12 mg/m³ (2

ppm)NIOSHTI3150000

- Gas Chromatography

- **Retention Index (Kovats):**

1443 (estimated with

error: 89)NIST

Spectramainlib_133911,

replib_160694,

replib_227884

- **Retention Index (Lee):**

225. 33 (Program type:

Ramp; Column cl...

(show more)ass: Semi-

standard non-polar;

Column diameter: 0. 25

mm; Column length: 30

m; Column type:

Capillary; Heat rate: 6

K/min; Start T: 50 C; End

T: 310 C; End time: 10

min; Start time: 1. 5 min;

CAS no: 85449; Active

phase: HP-5; Carrier gas:

Helium; Phase thickness:

0. 25 um; Data type: Lee

RI; Authors: Pedersen, D.

U.; Durant, J. L.;

Taghizadeh, K.; Hemond,

H. F.; Lafleur, A. L.; Cass,

G. R., Human cell

mutagenes in respirable

airborne particles from

the Northeastern United

States. 2. Quantification

of mutagenes and other

organic compounds.,
Environ. Sci. Technol.,
39(24), 2005, 9547-
9560.)NIST Spectranist ri

- **Retention Index (Normal Alkane):**

1308 (Program type:
Ramp; Column cl...
(show more)ass: Semi-
standard non-polar;
Column diameter: 0. 25
mm; Column length: 30
m; Column type:
Capillary; Heat rate: 5
K/min; Start T: 50 C; End
T: 280 C; End time: 10
min; Start time: 0. 5 min;
CAS no: 85449; Active
phase: HP-5; Carrier gas:
He; Phase thickness: 0.
25 um; Data type:
Normal alkane RI;
Authors: Guillen, M. D.;
Manzanos, M. J., Study of
the volatile composition
of an aqueous oak

smoke preparation, Food

Chem., 79, 2002, 283-

292.)NIST Spectranist ri

Predicted data is generated using the ACD/Labs Percepta Platform –
PhysChem Module

Density:	1.4 ± 0.1 g/cm ³
Boiling Point:	295.0 ± 0.0 °C at 760 mmHg
Vapour Pressure:	0.0 ± 0.6 mmHg at 25°C
Enthalpy of Vaporization:	53.5 ± 3.0 kJ/mol
Flash Point:	139.7 ± 15.9 °C
Index of Refraction:	1.613
Molar Refractivity:	35.7 ± 0.3 cm ³
#H bond acceptors:	3
#H bond donors:	0
#Freely Rotating Bonds:	0
#Rule of 5 Violations:	0
ACD/LogP:	1.60

ACD/LogD (pH 5. 5):	1. 42
ACD/BCF (pH 5. 5):	7. 10
ACD/KOC (pH 5. 5):	141. 53
ACD/LogD (pH 7. 4):	1. 42
ACD/BCF (pH 7. 4):	7. 10
ACD/KOC (pH 7. 4):	141. 53
Polar Surface Area:	43 Å ²
Polarizability:	14. 1±0. 5 10 ⁻²⁴ cm ³
Surface Tension:	58. 1±3. 0 dyne/cm
Molar Volume:	102. 6±3. 0 cm ³

Predicted data is generated using the US Environmental Protection Agency's
EPISuite™

Log Octanol-Water Partition Coef (SRC): Log Kow (KOWWIN v1. 67 estimate) = 2. 07
Log Kow (Exper. database match) = 1. 60
Exper. Ref: Hansch, C et al. (1995)
Boiling Pt, Melting Pt, Vapor Pressure Estimations (MPBPWIN v1. 42):
Boiling Pt (deg C): 253. 03 (Adapted Stein & Brown method)
Melting Pt (deg C): 21. 79 (Mean or Weighted MP)
VP (mm Hg, 25 deg C): 0. 000222 (Modified Grain method)
MP (exp database): 130. 8 deg CBP (exp database): 295 deg CVP (exp database): 5. 17E-04 mm Hg at 25 deg C
Subcooled liquid VP: 0. 00575 mm Hg (25 deg C, exp database VP)
Water Solubility Estimate from Log Kow (WSKOW v1. 41):
Water Solubility at 25 deg C (mg/L): 3326
log Kow used: 1. 60 (expkow database)
no-melting pt equation used
Water Sol (Exper. database match) = 6200 mg/L (25 deg C)
Exper. Ref: TOWLE, PH ET AL. (1968)
Water Sol Estimate from Fragments: Wat Sol (v1. 01 est) = 24982 mg/L
Wat Sol (Exper. database match) = 6200. 00
Exper. Ref: TOWLE, PH ET AL. (1968)
ECOSAR Class Program (ECOSAR v0. 99h):
Class(es) found: Neutral Organics
Henrys Law Constant (25 deg C) [HENRYWIN v3. 10]:
Bond Method : 6. 35E-006 atm-m³/mole
Group Method: Incomplete
Exper Database: 1. 63E-08 atm-m³/mole
Henrys LC [VP/WSol estimate

<https://assignbuster.com/phthalic-anhydride-c8h4o3-structure/>

using EPI values]: 1. 301E-008 atm-m³/moleLog Octanol-Air Partition Coefficient (25 deg C) [KOAWIN v1. 10]: Log Kow used: 1. 60 (exp database)Log Kaw used: -6. 176 (exp database)Log Koa (KOAWIN v1. 10 estimate): 7. 776Log Koa (experimental database): NoneProbability of Rapid Biodegradation (BIOWIN v4. 10): Biowin1 (Linear Model) : 0. 6770Biowin2 (Non-Linear Model) : 0. 7121Expert Survey Biodegradation Results: Biowin3 (Ultimate Survey Model): 2. 8718 (weeks)Biowin4 (Primary Survey Model) : 3. 6340 (days-weeks)MITI Biodegradation Probability: Biowin5 (MITI Linear Model) : 0. 3044Biowin6 (MITI Non-Linear Model): 0. 2193Anaerobic Biodegradation Probability: Biowin7 (Anaerobic Linear Model): 0. 4544Ready Biodegradability Prediction: NOHydrocarbon Biodegradation (BioHCwin v1. 01): Structure incompatible with current estimation method! Sorption to aerosols (25 Dec C)[AEROWIN v1. 00]: Vapor pressure (liquid/subcooled): 0. 767 Pa (0. 00575 mm Hg)Log Koa (Koawin est): 7. 776Kp (particle/gas partition coef. (m³/ug)): Mackay model : 3. 91E-006 Octanol/air (Koa) model: 1. 47E-005 Fraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): Junge-Pankow model : 0. 000141 Mackay model : 0. 000313 Octanol/air (Koa) model: 0. 00117 Atmospheric Oxidation (25 deg C) [AopWin v1. 92]: Hydroxyl Radicals Reaction: OVERALL OH Rate Constant = 0. 7492 E-12 cm³/molecule-secHalf-Life = 14. 276 Days (12-hr day; 1. 5E6 OH/cm³)Ozone Reaction: No Ozone Reaction EstimationFraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): 0. 000227 (Junge, Mackay)Note: the sorbed fraction may be resistant to atmospheric oxidationSoil Adsorption Coefficient (PCKOCWIN v1. 66): Koc : 10. 84Log Koc: 1. 035 Aqueous Base/Acid-Catalyzed Hydrolysis (25 deg C) [HYDROWIN v1. 67]: Rate constants can NOT be estimated for this structure! Bioaccumulation Estimates from Log Kow (BCFWIN v2. 17): Log BCF from regression-based method = 0. 532 (BCF = 3. 404)log Kow used: 1. 60 (expkow database)Volatilization from Water: Henry LC: 1. 63E-008 atm-m³/mole (Henry experimental database)Half-Life from Model River: 4. 372E+004 hours (1822 days)Half-Life from Model Lake : 4. 77E+005 hours (1. 988E+004 days)Removal In Wastewater Treatment: Total removal: 2. 01 percentTotal biodegradation: 0. 09 percentTotal sludge adsorption: 1. 91 percentTotal to Air: 0. 00 percent(using 10000 hr Bio P, A, S)Level III Fugacity Model: Mass Amount Half-Life Emissions(percent) (hr) (kg/hr)Air 0. 321 343 1000 Water 28. 2 360 1000 Soil 71. 4 720 1000 Sediment 0. 0709 3. 24e+003 0 Persistence Time: 645 hr

Click to predict properties on the Chemicalize site

- 1-Click Docking
- 1-Click Scaffold Hop