

# [Health and safety in engineering workplace](https://assignbuster.com/health-and-safety-in-engineering-workplace-essay-samples/)

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Hazard identification by work analysis - Work that is not done on a static site is probably better analyses by first identifying the different occupations involved and the work people carry out, then the hazards they face doing that work. This method is better suited for those work activities where there is a considerable degree of scope for the worker to decide how the task Is carried out, e. G. Transported. This analysis would be applicable for work In construction, forestry operations and similar work where people tend to work in small autonomous groups with minimal supervision.

A major problem with this approach is the hazards that are not part of someone's work will not be identified, e. G. Storage areas for waste chemicals. Hazard identification by recess - A more technical approach to hazard identification is to identify the processes Involved on a worksheet and go through each process step-by-step, Identifying the hazards at each step of the process. With plant of any complexity, the time taken to Identify Individual potential hazards can be larger than the time taken to quantify the risk of the hazards. Task 2 (Pl . ) Hazards in a workplace are controlled by a combination of " local controls" specific to a hazard, and " management controls" for ensuring that these are implemented and remain active. The mechanism for the control of a hazard may not necessarily be a hysterical one, but may be a rule or practice designed to reduce the risk from the hazard. It is necessary to ensure that once hazard controls are put in place they stay in place and are used, and it is also necessary to provide a feedback mechanism for ensuring whether or not the controls are adequate and responsibilities are understood by all.

Lets Take Wide Range of Hazards we are may be facing on a daily basis at our workplace: 1 . Fire - self explanatory. Fire Alarm, Smoke Sensors, Fire Exits. Firefighting Equipment. Training people to act fast and efficiently during fire alarm. Keeping lambed materials under strict control - this is just a basic ways to control accident/injury level as low as possible during the event of fire and also preventing a fire itself. Intended for. It is always important to use a right tools for a right Job, also only competent, trained/skilled people should use specific machinery and tooling.

At the same time the access to the potentially dangerous machinery and equipment must be limited or prohibited for incompetent people. Relevant Training must be provided in order to allow them to operate particular equipment/tooling/machinery. 3. Health - things that you can be exposed to such as noise or flying splinters. Depending on a working environment an according PEP must be provided. Egg. In a noisy environment hearing protection must be used. Or try to isolate all noisy equipment if possible.

Goggles are being used on a cutting machinery, or any other machinery producing flying objects during its operation. 4. Biological - things like mold or germs. Food environment requires good food hygiene regulation. Storing food in a freezer and fridge will slow down bacteria growth, and prevent risk of food poisoning. Stock rotation and decent check on in/out of date products. Washing your hands, sterilizing cutting equipment, using different tools for each type of product, will eliminate risk of cross contamination of product. 5.

Ergonomic - poor posture, vibrations, bending/standing/squatting the wrong way. Correct Manual Handling Technique must be used to avoid any back injuries. Repetitive gestures may lead to a disease, in order to prevent that, another options / alternative way of doing a same Job should be considered, if possible do same Job using machinery. Task 3 (Pl . 5) Risk Assessment Activity: Grinding(grinding wheel) Type Of Injury: Eye injury, skin injury, bone fracture, lost of fingers, head injury. People Affected: Operator, people near by.

Likelihood of injury: Low Severity of Harm: Medium Risk Level: Low Control Measures in place: Only Trained/skilled people allowed to operate grinding wheels. According PEP must be worn whilst operating - Goggles, gloves. Protection glass must be installed on each wheel Meet Grade Task 1 (MI . 2) If you run a business with five or more members of staff, regular risk assessments are essential. But, it isn't Just a legal requirement - understanding the risks involved is vital if you want to run a safe and productive workplace, and putting measures in lace to prevent such risks is a key component of business management.

Staying on top of any potential risks is vital in any kind of workplace, because it isn't Just in hazardous environments that accidents can occur. A regular office can be fraught essential. They're used to identify and evaluate any hazards before putting controls in place to reduce them, and they'll also assess current measures to see if anything can be improved. These assessments are of course vital for the protection of employees but they're Just as important to remember should your business play host o visitors, contractors or members of the public, especially if they're vulnerable.

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If regular assessments weren't carried out or if you didn't put the necessary measures in place you'd not only be breaking the law but could also be putting people's health at risk, so it's vital that you follow the necessary regulations. Task 2 (MI . 3) There are some of main Control Measures all over industries. COACH RIDDED COLLAPSE MASS HOSE inspectors COACH - is a law for employers to control substances that are hazardous to health. It uses material data sheets and assessments to help employers look at the risks in heir workplace.

Safety data sheets are there to identify hazards on products that may be dangerous to supply. RIDDED - have a legal duty to make sure employers, the self-employed and people in control of premises, report any work related problems if they occur. COLLAPSE is an advisory service providing support in science for a consortium of local authorities and their schools. MASS is a form of data regarding the properties of a particular substance. It is an important part of workplace safety, intending to provide workers and emergency personnel with procedures for handling r working with that substance in a safe manor.

HOSE inspectors Health and safety inspectors work to protect people's health and safety by making sure risks in the workplace are properly controlled. They ensure employers comply with all aspects of health and safety laws and that workplaces are not the cause of ill health, injury or even death. They do this by inspecting business premises and investigating accidents, and through enforcement of the law. It is important that health and safety is regulated. Without the relevant Jurisdictions and applications in place; workplaces loud be an extremely hostile and dangerous place.