

The there is a rebellion or uprising

Business



The level of inequality creates unrest by those who are disproportionately disadvantaged. When there is a rebellion or uprising it can most likely be easily linked to inequality of some sort. If inequality continues to increase the cycle of a vicious socioeconomic society with high crime rates, social unrest and instability will increase. The number of highly educated young people will fall and the future of our young children will fall. The uneducated minorities will face an increase in the likelihood of being incarcerated which will in turn increase the prison population and the socioeconomic inequalities that coincide with it. If the poor continue to be unable to access the basic necessities to live a quality life, it will invite more social unrest and insight into an uprising.

The continued socio-economic deprivation of the poor can lead to the destabilization of the nation. You have then think about who makes all of these policies that regulate incarceration and health and exacerbates these inequalities. Society has become tilted in the direction of the wealthy and have exerted disproportionate influence over it. The average people in society have slowly lost bargaining power economically and politically. Politicians use economic gains to reward others, and these policies impact inequality. Politics then in turn shapes the level of inequality.

Economic inequality feeds politics and drives our actions and political representation. There was a study conducted that indicated the presidential administration in power was the biggest political factor linked to economic inequality. Political decisions at the presidential level help determine the rewards that Americans get from the economy. When prisoners are reintegrated into society after serving their sentence the likelihood that they

receive adequate health care is drastically reduced. They do not qualify for government assistance and most health care is offered through employers; however, individuals that have been to prison find it difficult to find employment. And if by chance they do find employment the employer does not usually offer adequate health insurance. The public insurance system along with lack of affordable access leaves millions of Americans without health insurance.

Most uninsured people are low income families and adults and minorities are more likely to be uninsured. Studies show that those who are uninsured are less likely to receive services such as preventative care for major conditions and chronic diseases. According to an article written by Susan Starr Sered and Rushika Fernandopulle, "Unlike health-care systems in most other Western countries, the core of America's health care is increasingly for profit, employment-based, private insurance." Gengler discusses the inequalities of health care. "Many of the inequalities I found between the experiences of the families in this study can be traced not only to inequalities in health care provision, but to core structures of inequality that, as medical sociologist Jo Phelan and her colleagues have suggested, are "fundamental causes" of health disparities.

"I believe that the economic inequality has sort of an umbrella affect in regards to other aspects of society such as mass incarceration, health, politics and conflict. America has the highest incarceration rate in the world. mass incarceration and believe the reason to be related to the incarceration on nonviolent drug offenders and the war on drugs, which is known to be disproportionately harmful to minorities.

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According to the article written by Bruce Western and Becky Pettit, "Between 1920 and 1970 about one-tenth of one percent of Americans were confined in prison. The prison population increased six fold in the three decades after 1970." Within the aspects of mass incarceration you also have to look at inequality. The Beyond Crime and Punishment article also states that the rate of African American men in prison is significantly higher than any others.

"Blacks are eight times more likely to be incarcerated than whites." Incarceration rates brings me to health. I believe the largest problems facing American society that stem from our high level of inequality are the widening gap between the haves and the have nots is increasing. The consequences of inequality have been proven to be extremely devastating to our society as a whole.

This is evident by the top 1% of the population who are wealthy and continue to be wealthy, mass incarceration, health, politics and conflicts. There are definitely issues within a society when one family owns more wealth than the bottom 130 million Americans. The world's growing inequality isn't only morally wrong, but threatens to undermine global economic growth.

Some say that the increase of wealth among the top 1 percent helps those people create new jobs or businesses but the gap undermines economic growth by hampering social mobility and creating a less educated workforce that's unable to compete in the global economy. The elite groups mobilize their resources to ensure global rules are favorable towards their interests. In addition to weaker economic growth and consumer spending, inequality is linked with other negative trends such as social unrest and increased health

issues. Jeff Manzatouches on this in his article the new class war, where he states that the “ overeducatedelitist snobs” are becoming progressively more detached from the workingclass.