

In and down day by day before

Government



In 2008 the recovery of financial crisis speed has been slow and that means the slow recovery of financial crisis is the indications of stable debtability the rules and does not follow the gross domestic products and also in the recovery of financial crisis trend growth has been slow and down day by day before the crisis. The economy of US slowly recovered the recession from 2007 to 2009. US provide no support in the history of linking high unemployment and also low employment in the present recovery of the financial crisis of 2007-2008. The current recovery and the recovery after given the full of depression there is no deference but both are differ from another recovery. The dissuasions about the recovery has echo permanent explanation of the great depression on overall demand or focusing on government policies which is increase frequently or uncertainly or decrees their productivity.

The immediate answer is financial crisis is usually gives large permanent bad impact on the level of economic activity. if we talk about classic study then Cerra and Saxena in 2008 concentrate at the effects of the financial crisis by using a 10 years panel of 190 countries from 1960 to 2001. The highest output loss estimated from a financial crisis and their given examples is almost 80% with the losses of output which is around 7% at 10 years that was down to earth but it seems like touch to sky. Cerra and Saxena's give their result with criticized their assumption and they gave particular account difference not all over accursed the countries. Conclusion: In 2008 financial crisis has been coming out the growth of economic totally disappointing in the compassion with the recoveries of other previous recessions. If we think to return to much more normal development of rates after 2015, then it

hidesthe weakness of the good clearing effects and it made the long term loss to theeconomic level activity by the crisis.