# Final review study guide 

Business

## ASSIGN BUSTER

Quiz 1-4, 5, 12 Quiz 3-14, 16, 18 14. What is the electron configuration for aluminum? 1s22s22p63s23p1 16. The number of electron levels in a magnesium atom is 3, because magnesium is in period number 3. 18 .

What is the abbreviated electron configuration for nickel (atomic number 28)? [Ar]4s23d8 Quiz 5-4, 14, 18 5. The ion of aluminum is Answer: Al3+. 14. How many valence electrons are in the electron-dot structure of H 2 O ? Answer: The number of valence electrons in H 2 O is $=(2 \times 1)+(1 \times 6)=8$ electrons. 18. The shape of the carbon tetrachloride molecule is Answer: tetrahedral Quiz 6-1, 3, 181.

What coefficient is placed in front of O 2 to complete the balancing of the following equation? $\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{H} 8+$ ? $\mathrm{O} 2>5 \mathrm{CO} 2+4 \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}$ Answer: 73 . What is oxidized and what is reduced in the following reaction? $2 \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{s})+3 \mathrm{Br} 2(\mathrm{~g})>$ $2 \mathrm{AlBr} 3(\mathrm{~s})$. Answer: Al (goes from oxidation state 0 to +3 ) is oxidized and Br 2 (goes from oxidation state 0 to -1 ) is reduced. 18. How many grams of CO2 are produced from 125 g of O 2 and excess $\mathrm{CH} 4 ? \mathrm{CH} 4+2 \mathrm{O} 2>\mathrm{CO} 2+2 \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}$ Answer: 85. 9 g of CO2 Quiz 8-10, 15, 198.

When solutions of KCl and $\mathrm{Pb}(\mathrm{NO} 3) 2$ are mixed, a precipitate forms. Which of the following is the balanced equation for the double replacement reaction that occurs? $2 \mathrm{KCl}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{Pb}(\mathrm{NO} 3) 2(\mathrm{aq})>2 \mathrm{KNO}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{PbCl} 2(\mathrm{~s}) 15$. What is the molarity of a solution that contains 17 g of NH 3 in 0.50 L of solution? 2. 0 M 19. What volume of 0 .

10 M NaOH can be prepared from 250. mL of 0.30 M NaOH ? 0. 75 L Quiz 93, 9, 123 . For the following equilibrium reaction, which cause and effect are correctly matched? $\mathrm{CO}(\mathrm{g})+2 \mathrm{H} 2(\mathrm{~g}) \mathrm{CH} 3 \mathrm{OH}(\mathrm{g})+$ heat remove H 2 , shift left 9 .

Which of the following equilibrium constants indicates the reaction that gives the smallest amount of product? $\mathrm{Kc}=5$ ? 10-10 12 .

The reaction for the decomposition of PCl 5 to chlorine and PCl 3 is shown below. $\mathrm{PCl} 5(\mathrm{~g}) \mathrm{PCl} 3(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{Cl} 2(\mathrm{~g})$ If the equilibrium concentrations are $[\mathrm{PCl} 5]=$ 1. $0 \mathrm{M},[\mathrm{PCl} 3]=0.10 \mathrm{M},[\mathrm{Cl} 2]=0.10 \mathrm{M}$, what is the value of the equilibrium constant? . 0 ? 10-2 Quiz 10-4, 7, 154.

The conjugate base of HClO 3 is Answer: ClO 3 - 7. What is the pH of a solution with $[\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{O}+]=1 \times 10-9 \mathrm{M}$ ? Answer: 15.25 .0 mL of 0.212 M NaOH is neutralized by 13 .

6 mL of an HCl solution. The molarity of the NaOH solution is Answer: Quiz 7$5,9,175$. The temperature of a $500 . \mathrm{mL}$ sample of gas increases from 150. K to 350. K.

What is the final volume of the sample of gas, if the pressure in the container is kept constant? 1170 ml 9. A gas sample contains 4.0 g of CH 4 and $2 . \mathrm{g}$ of He. What is the volume of the sample at STP? 17L 17.

At STP, what is the volume of 4.50 moles of nitrogen gas? 101 L Quiz 4- 9, 15, 16 9. When aluminum- 27 is bombarded with a neutron, a gamma ray is emitted. What radioactive isotope is produced? aluminum-28 15. The half-life of bromine-74 is 25 min .

How much of a 4.0 mg sample is still active after $75 \mathrm{~min} ? 0.50 \mathrm{mg} 16$. In the sun, nuclei of hydrogen combine to form a larger nucleus and release a great amount of energy. The process is known as fusion.

