# Generalized anxiety disorder case study



Case Study: Anxiety Answer Sheet

Diagnosing Tina

• Student Name: Robert Gianella

Diagnosing Generalized Anxiety Disorder:

*1a. Refer to the DSM-IV checklist for generalized anxiety disorder. Which of Tina's symptoms meet any of the criteria? (Be sure to match specific symptoms with specific criteria.)* 

The

symptoms

that Tina

exhibits that

meet the

criteria of

General

Anxiety

Disorder are

potential

excessive or

ongoing

anxiety and

worry about

two or more

activities or

events. The

case does not

state whether

this has

continued for

at least 3

months as the

checklist

states is the

requirement

but she does

feel that

something

else bad will

happen after

she lost her

husband. Her

anxieties or

worries

revolved

around her

twin

daughters

being

abducted, or

their school

bus crashing.

She also

exhibits

restlessness

and/or muscle

tension as she

describes that

she has begun

drinking to "

calm her

nerves," as

well as

describing the

feeling of her

body being "

tied in knots."

Her behavior

is also being

affected by

the anxiety or

worry as she

is unable to

sleep without

drinking

beforehand.

She also

exhibits a

significant

degree of

distress or

impairment in

that she finds

it hard to

drive, to the

point that she

has had to

pull over

because she

was having

difficulty

breathing.

*1b. Based upon your review of Tina's symptoms and the diagnostic criteria, could Tina be diagnosed with generalized anxiety disorder or not (and if not, why not)?* 

Based on what I have read in the case study, I would have to say that she could be diagnosed

with General

Anxiety

Disorder.

Diagnosing Specific Phobia:

*2a. Refer to the DSM-IV checklist for specific phobia. Which of Tina's symptoms meet any of the criteria? (Be sure to match specific symptoms with specific criteria.)* 

Tina does exhibit a marked, persistent, and disproportiona te fear of bridges, as well as anxiety when she is forced to encounter a bridge, and if it were possible she would actually avoid them,

and they so

cause her a

significant

amount of

distress

2b. Does Tina have a specific phobia and if yes, what is the feared object?

Tina could be

diagnosed

with a specific

phobia due to

her apparent

fear of

bridges.

Diagnosing Panic Disorder:

*3a. Refer to the DSM-IV checklist for panic disorder with agoraphobia and the checklist for panic disorder without agoraphobia. Which of Tina's symptoms meet any of the criteria? (Be sure to match any specific symptoms with specific criteria.)* 

Tina reported suffering from shortness of breath, rapid heartbeat.

sweating, and

the belief that

she might be

dying of a

heart attack.

She does not

state whether

this is the first

time this has

happened,

thought it

could be

inferred, we

would need to

know for sure

in order to

determine if

the attacks

are recurrent.

She does

seem to be

worried about

having

additional

attacks of this

type which

meets the

requirement

of either a

concern or

worry that she

might, and

states that

she has

gotten to the

point where

she does not

want to drive

which points

to a change in

behavior

related to her

attack(s).

*3b. Does Tina meet the diagnostic criteria for panic disorder with agoraphobia or panic disorder without agoraphobia or neither? Explain why you believe your choice is the most appropriate diagnosis.* 

Tina may fit the criteria for Panic Disorder without Agoraphobia,

if more

information

could be

determined to

find out

whether she

has positively

suffered from

more than one

attack. This

diagnosis if

there have

been a

number of

attacks is

appropriate

because she

does not state

that she has

any other

fears of being

in public

besides the

fear of

crossing

bridges and

the DSM-5

checklist

states that

there must be

fear of at least

2 different

situations.

Understanding Tina's Disorders:

1. How would the Socio-Cultural Perspective explain Tina's GAD?

According to

the Socio-

Cultural

perspective

Tina's GAD

might be

explained by

many factors.

First she grew

up in a poor

family. Also

there is the

fact that her

husband was

controlling

and also the person that made the money. Tina did not have a job nor did she want one, her

responsibilitie

s were to keep

a clean house,

cook large

dinners (which

were

demanded by

her husband),

pick up the

parts for her

husband's

side business,

and billing the

customers.

The loss of her

husband may

not have

created a

financial

problem for

Tina, but not

having to take

care of his

needs coupled

with the

growing

independence

of her

daughters has

left Tina

feeling alone,

unwanted,

and

unneeded.

2. Explain Tina's GAD from the Existential Perspective.

Tina's GAD could be explained from an existential perspective in that Tina appears to https://assignbuster.com/generalized-anxiety-disorder-case-study/ view the idea

that she has

no one to

answer to with

the passing of

her husband

and the

increased

independence

of her twin

daughters as

a burden

instead of a

blessing. She

does not see

that she has

freedom,

instead she

believes that

she will

forever be

alone because

of her physical

appearance,

and the fact

that she is

middle aged

with 2

children

creating a low

self-worth in

Tina's mind,

this low self-

worth is the

potential

cause of her

disorder.

*3. Explain Tina's GAD from the Cognitive Perspective (please identify any basic irrational assumptions that Tina is making, even if they may be unspoken).* 

From a

cognitive

point of view

Tina sees her

twins not

wanting to

hang around

with her as

them not

loving or

#### approving of

her, and even

thought the

idea of dating

occasionally

appeals to

her, she fears

that no one

will want to

date her

because of

her

appearance

and children,

this idea

haunts her

thoughts and

causes her to

think about it

constantly. All

of these

feelings cause

the grim view

that Tina has

on her life.

## *4. Explain Tina's Phobia from a Behavioral Perspective (please use classical conditioning as a possible example).*

I do not see anything that from a classical conditioning standpoint that would cause her Phobia. Nothing in the complaint or history states that anything happened to Tina on a bridge that would have created a connection between a fear of bridges and the bridges

themselves.

Perhaps she

has a negative

view of

bridges

because

during her

husband's

treatments

they were

constantly

crossing them

and she has

created a

negative

connection

between.

Another

theory could

be that while

driving across

a bridge she

heard a news

report on the

radio about a

bridge

collapsing

which now

causes her to

believe that it

will happen

where she

lives.

5. Explain Tina's Phobia from a Psychodynamic Perspective.

The
Psychodynami
c perspective
states that
Tina's past
experiences
could be the
cause of her
phobia.
Growing up
poor, having a
controlling
husband that
did not allow
for her to
make

decisions, her

husband

getting sick

and passing

away. All of

this possibly

combined to

create the

feeling that

Tina

experiences

about a bridge

collapsing

while she is on

it.

6. Considering the biological correlates or causes of Tina's panic disorder, what role does the neurotransmitter norepinephrine play in her panic disorder?

Abnormal

levels of

Norepinephrin

e have been

found to lead

to panic

disorder,

#### When the

brain does not

produce

enough of this

neurotransmit

ter or

produces it in

an abnormal

way, the

result is

typically

either Panic

Disorder with

Agoraphobia

or Panic

Disorder

without

Agoraphobia.

Tina's

disorder is

probably

linked to a

deficiency of

this

neurotransmit

ter.

#### 7. What does Tina's locus ceruleus have to do with her panic disorder?

The Locus

Ceruleus is an

area of the

brain where

there is a

large

concentration

of neurons

that use

Norepinephrin

e. When this

area

experiences

stimulation, it

causes a

reaction that

leads to panic.

8. What role might GABA play in her symptoms?

GABA is an
inhibitory
neurotransmit
ter, which
causes certain

neurons to

stop firing

upon its

release. It is

possible that

Tina suffers

from a

deficiency of

this

neurotransmit

ter which

leads to her

disorder.

Treating Tina

1. Which Psychodynamic technique has been found to be the most useful in the treatment of GAD?

Short-term

psychodynami

c therapy has

been found to

have a

significant on

the levels of

anxiety,

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worry, and the

difficulties

that those

that suffer

from it have

socially.

*2. Explain why a humanistic approach would be helpful in treating Tina's GAD.* 

The

humanistic

approach

relies on a

client-

centered

therapy that

allows the

client to

experience

positive

support from

the therapist.

This positive

support aids

in creating a

#### better feeling

of self worth

in the client.

The client also

gains a feeling

of acceptance,

and aid them

in being

honest with

themselves

about what

they need,

what they

think, and

how they feel.

#### 3. How might you use Rational-Emotive Therapy to treat Tina's GAD?

Rational-

Emotive might

be useful in

getting the

client to stop

believing in

incorrect

ideas, while

replacing

them with

positive and

better fitting

ideas about

themselves,

their fears and

their feelings

about the

world and

people around

them.

*4. How would Systematic Desensitization be used to treat Tina's phobia of bridges?* 

Systematic

Desensitizatio

n would help

Tina learn to

relax while

crossing the

bridges that

she has to

cross in her

daily life. Tina

would first

learn to relax,

#### and then the

therapist

might begin to

use small

steps to make

Tina learn to

be more

comfortable

with using

bridges.

5. What medications have proven useful for treatment with panic disorder?

Benzodiazpine

drugs such as

Alprazolam

also known as

Xanex have

been shown to

treat Panic

Disorder witht

eh most

success.

*6. What role could cognitive therapy play in Tina's treatment for panic disorder?* 

#### Cognative

therapy could

be utilized to

treat Tina's

Panic Disorder

by teaching

her what is

really going

on in her body

and what the

feelings that

she

experainces

when an

attack comes

on really are.

It would also

help her by

teaching her

various

relaxation and

breathing

techniques to

aid in calming

herself. This

type of

therapy also

makes it

possible to

bring on an

attack in a

controlled way

so that she

can learn to

put all of

these skills

together

under

therapist

supervision.

7. Considering that Tina may be treated for comorbid disorders, how do you see the treatments for the various disorders complementing each other?

All of the disorders that Tina may be treated for can all be treated using the same model as the text lists how each model

#### would aid in

treatment.

### 8. Is there any reason to think that any of the treatments would be contraindicated when utilized together? Explain why/how or why/how not.

In my opinion,

I have read

nothing that

would lead me

to believe that

any treatment

would

contradict

another

treatment if

used in

conjuction

with it. If

anyting it

would aid in

the treatment.

As mentioned

before, each

model has

specific things

it does for

each

disorder ,

some may not

be as

successful

when used

with other

treatments

but I do not

believe that

there would

be any

adverse

effects from

using them

together.