

Tetraethyl
orthosilicate
c8h20o4si structure



Contents

- Retention Index (Normal Alkane):

Molecular

 $C_8H_{20}O_4Si$

Formula

Average mass 208.327 Da

Density $0.9 \pm 0.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$ Boiling Point $165.5 \pm 0.0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ at
760 mmHgFlash Point $46.7 \pm 0.0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Molar

 $54.8 \pm 0.3 \text{ cm}^3$

Refractivity

Polarizability $21.7 \pm 0.5 \cdot 10^{-24}$
 cm^3

Surface

 $23.5 \pm 3.0 \text{ dyne/cm}$

Tension

Molar Volume $221.8 \pm 3.0 \text{ cm}^3$

- Experimental data
- Predicted - ACD/Labs
- Predicted - EPISuite

- Predicted - ChemAxon
- Predicted - Mcule
- Experimental Physico-chemical Properties

- **Experimental Melting Point:**

-85 °C Alfa Aesar

-86 °C Oxford University

Chemical Safety Data

(No longer

updated) More details

-86 °C Jean-Claude

Bradley Open Melting

Point Dataset 16140

-82.5 °C Jean-Claude

Bradley Open Melting

Point Dataset 21205

-85 °C Jean-Claude

Bradley Open Melting

Point Dataset 8480

-85 °C Alfa Aesar 14082,

22967, 40251, A14965

285 °C Biosynth Q-

201810

-77

°CLabNetworkLN00175

733

- **Experimental Boiling Point:**

168 °CAIfa Aesar

169 °COxford

University Chemical

Safety Data (No longer
updated)More details

168 °CAIfa

Aesar14082, 22967,
40251, A14965

168 °CSynQuest6183-

1-42

169 °COakwoodS15425

168 °C

(Literature)LabNetwork
LN00175733

- **Experimental Flash Point:**

46 °C Alfa Aesar

39 °C Oxford University

Chemical Safety Data

(No longer

updated) More details

46 °C Alfa Aesar

46 °F (7.7778 °C) Alfa

Aesar 14082, 22967,

40251, A14965

48 °C SynQuest 6183-1-

42

46 °C Oakwood S15425

54

°C LabNetwork LN00175

733

- **Experimental Gravity:**

20 g/mL Merck

Millipore 1940

20 g/L Merck

Millipore1940, 800658

0. 934 g/mLAlfa

Aesar14082, 22967,

40251, A14965

0. 93 g/mLMatrix

Scientific076014

0. 934

g/mLSynQuest6183-1-

42

0. 9335

g/mLOakwoodS15425

0. 933 g/mLFluorochem

0. 933

g/IFluorochemS15425

- **Experimental Refraction Index:**

- 1. 382Alfa

- AesarA14965, 40251,

- 22967, 14082

- Miscellaneous

- **Appearance:**

colourless liquid with
an alcohol-like
odourOxford University
Chemical Safety Data
(No longer
updated)More details

- **Stability:**

Stable. Flammable.
Incompatible with
strong oxidizing
agents, water, alkalis,
mineral acids. Oxford
University Chemical
Safety Data (No longer
updated)More details

- **Toxicity:**

ORL-RAT LD50 6270
mg kg-1Oxford
University Chemical
Safety Data (No longer
updated)More details

- **Safety:**

10-20-36/37Alfa

Aesar14082, 22967,

40251, A14965

2Alfa Aesar14082,

22967, 40251, A14965

3Alfa Aesar14082,

22967, 40251, A14965

DANGER: FLAMMABLE,

causes narcosis,

irritationAlfa

Aesar14082, 22967,

40251

DANGER: FLAMMABLE,

irritates skin, eyes,

lungsAlfa AesarA14965

Flammable/Harmful/

Moisture

Sensitive/Store under

ArgonSynQuest6183-1-

42

GHS07BiosynthQ-

201810

H226-H332-H319-

H335Alfa Aesar14082,

22967, 40251, A14965

H315; H319;

H335BiosynthQ-

201810

IRRITANTMatrix

Scientific076014

P210-P261-

P303+P361+P353-

P305+P351+P338-

P405-P501aAlfa

Aesar14082, 22967,

40251, A14965

P261; P280;

P302+P352;

P304+P340;

P305+P351+P338;

P312BiosynthQ-201810

R10, R20,

R36/37/38SynQuest618

3-1-42

S9, S16, S23, S24/25,
S26, S36/37/39, S38,
S45SynQuest6183-1-42

Safety glasses,
adequate ventilation.

Vapour is much
heavier than air, and
precautions should be
taken to prevent the
vapour flowing to a
source of ignition.

Oxford University
Chemical Safety Data
(No longer
updated) More details

Warning Alfa
Aesar 14082, 22967,
40251, A14965

Warning Biosynth Q-
201810

WARNING: Irritates skin
and eyes, harmful if

swallowedAlfa

AesarA14965

- Gas Chromatography

- **Retention Index (Kovats):**

1030 (estimated with

error: 89)NIST

Spectramainlib_9586,

replib_158593,

replib_233769

850 (Program type:

Isothermal; Col... (show

more)umn class: Semi-

standard non-polar;

Column length: 1 m;

Column type: Packed;

Start T: 150 C; CAS no:

78104; Active phase:

Apiezon L; Carrier gas:

Ar; Data type: Kovats

RI; Authors: Kreshkov,

A. P.; Kirichenko, E. A.;

Markov, B. A.,

Retention indices of

alkoxychlorosilanes,

Zh. Anal. Khim., 30(2),
1975, 286-289, In
original 345-348.)NIST
Spectranist ri

869 (Program type:
Isothermal; Col... (show
more)umn class: Semi-
standard non-polar;
Column length: 1 m;
Column type: Packed;
Start T: 100 C; CAS no:
78104; Active phase:
Apiezon L; Carrier gas:
Ar; Data type: Kovats
RI; Authors: Kreshkov,
A. P.; Kirichenko, E. A.;
Markov, B. A.,
Retention indices of
alkoxychlorosilanes,
Zh. Anal. Khim., 30(2),
1975, 286-289, In
original 345-348.)NIST
Spectranist ri

847 (Program type:

Isothermal; Col... (show more)umn class: Semi-standard non-polar; Column diameter: 0.25 mm; Column length: 50 m; Column type: Capillary; CAS no: 78104; Active phase: Apiezon L; Data type: Kovats RI; Authors: Peetre, I.-B., Gas chromatographic investigation of organometallic compounds and their carbon analogues. II. Improved method for calculating retention indices of tetraalkoxysilanes, J. Chromatogr., 88, 1974, 311-321.)NIST Spectranist ri 851. 2 (Program type: Isothermal; Col... (show

more)umn class: Semi-
standard non-polar;
Column diameter: 0.25
mm; Column length: 50
m; Column type:
Capillary; Start T: 160
C; CAS no: 78104;
Active phase: Apiezon
L; Data type: Kovats RI;
Authors: Peetre, I.-B.,
Gas chromatographic
investigation of
organometallic
compounds and their
carbon analogues. II.
Improved method for
calculating retention
indices of
tetraalkoxysilanes, J.
Chromatogr., 88, 1974,
311-321.)NIST
Spectranist ri

- **Retention Index (Normal Alkane):**

850 (Program type:
Isothermal; Col... (show

more)umn class: Semi-
standard non-polar;
Column type: Packed;
Start T: 160 C; CAS no:
78104; Active phase:
Apieson M; Substrate:
Chromosorb G AW
DMCS (80-100 mesh);
Data type: Normal
alkane RI; Authors:
Ellren, O.; Peetre, I. B.;
Smith, B. E. F., Gas
chromatographic
investigation of
organometallic
compounds and their
carbon analogues. V.
Use of refractive index
in conjunction with
Kovats retention index
for the identification of
organosilicon
compounds, J.
Chromatogr., 93, 1974,
383-392.)NIST

Spectranist ri

Predicted data is generated using the ACD/Labs Percepta Platform - PhysChem Module

Density:	0. 9±0. 1 g/cm ³
Boiling Point:	165. 5±0. 0 °C at 760 mmHg
Vapour Pressure:	2. 5±0. 3 mmHg at 25°C
Enthalpy of Vaporization:	38. 5±3. 0 kJ/mol
Flash Point:	46. 7±0. 0 °C
Index of Refraction:	1. 409
Molar Refractivity:	54. 8±0. 3 cm ³
#H bond acceptors:	4
#H bond donors:	0
#Freely Rotating Bonds:	8
#Rule of 5 Violations:	1
ACD/LogP:	5. 10
ACD/LogD (pH 5. 5):	1. 77
ACD/BCF (pH 5. 5):	13. 05

ACD/KOC (pH 5. 5):	218. 81
ACD/LogD (pH 7. 4):	1. 77
ACD/BCF (pH 7. 4):	13. 05
ACD/KOC (pH 7. 4):	218. 81
Polar Surface Area:	37 Å ²
Polarizability:	21. 7±0. 5 10 ⁻²⁴ cm ³
Surface Tension:	23. 5±3. 0 dyne/cm
Molar Volume:	221. 8±3. 0 cm ³

Predicted data is generated using the US Environmental Protection Agency's

EPISuite™

Log Octanol-Water Partition Coef (SRC): Log Kow (KOWWIN v1. 67 estimate) = 0. 04
 Boiling Pt, Melting Pt, Vapor Pressure Estimations (MPBPWIN v1. 42):
 Boiling Pt (deg C): 208. 30 (Adapted Stein & Brown method) Melting Pt (deg C): 5. 75 (Mean or Weighted MP)
 VP (mm Hg, 25 deg C): 1. 65 (Mean VP of Antoine & Grain methods) MP (exp database): -82. 5 deg
 CBP (exp database): 168. 8 deg CVP (exp database): 1. 88E+00 mm Hg at 25 deg C
 Water Solubility Estimate from Log Kow (WSKOW v1. 41): Water Solubility at 25 deg C (mg/L): 3. 691e+004
 log Kow used: 0. 04 (estimated) no-melting pt equation used
 Water Sol Estimate from Fragments: Wat Sol (v1. 01 est) = 1e+006 mg/L
 ECOSAR Class Program (ECOSAR v0. 99h): Class(es) found: Silanes (alkoxy)
 Henrys Law Constant (25 deg C) [HENRYWIN v3. 10]: Bond Method : 1. 97E-005 atm-m³/mole
 Group Method: Incomplete Henrys LC [VP/WSol estimate using EPI values]: 1. 225E-005 atm-m³/mole
 Log Octanol-Air Partition Coefficient (25 deg C) [KOAWIN v1. 10]: Log Kow used: 0. 04 (KowWin est)
 Log Kaw used: -3. 094 (HenryWin est) Log Koa (KOAWIN v1. 10 estimate): 3. 134
 Log Koa (experimental database): None
 Probability of Rapid Biodegradation (BIOWIN v4. 10): Biowin1 (Linear Model) : 0. 6484
 Biowin2 (Non-Linear Model) : 0. 5126
 Expert Survey Biodegradation Results: Biowin3 (Ultimate Survey Model): 2. 7388 (weeks-months)
 Biowin4 (Primary Survey Model) : 3. 5472 (days-weeks) MITI

<https://assignbuster.com/tetraethyl-orthosilicate-c8h20o4si-structure/>

Biodegradation Probability: Biowin5 (MITI Linear Model) : 0. 2917Biowin6 (MITI Non-Linear Model): 0. 1554Anaerobic Biodegradation Probability: Biowin7 (Anaerobic Linear Model): 0. 6218Ready Biodegradability Prediction: NOHydrocarbon Biodegradation (BioHCwin v1. 01): Structure incompatible with current estimation method! Sorption to aerosols (25 Dec C)[AEROWIN v1. 00]: Vapor pressure (liquid/subcooled): 251 Pa (1. 88 mm Hg)Log Koa (Koawin est): 3. 134Kp (particle/gas partition coef. (m3/ug)): Mackay model : 1. 2E-008 Octanol/air (Koa) model: 3. 34E-010 Fraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): Junge-Pankow model : 4. 32E-007 Mackay model : 9. 57E-007 Octanol/air (Koa) model: 2. 67E-008 Atmospheric Oxidation (25 deg C) [AopWin v1. 92]: Hydroxyl Radicals Reaction: OVERALL OH Rate Constant = 24. 6936 E-12 cm3/molecule-secHalf-Life = 0. 433 Days (12-hr day; 1. 5E6 OH/cm3)Half-Life = 5. 198 HrsOzone Reaction: No Ozone Reaction EstimationFraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): 6. 95E-007 (Junge, Mackay)Note: the sorbed fraction may be resistant to atmospheric oxidationSoil Adsorption Coefficient (PCKOCWIN v1. 66): Koc : 8766Log Koc: 3. 943 Aqueous Base/Acid-Catalyzed Hydrolysis (25 deg C) [HYDROWIN v1. 67]: Rate constants can NOT be estimated for this structure! Bioaccumulation Estimates from Log Kow (BCFWIN v2. 17): Log BCF from regression-based method = 0. 500 (BCF = 3. 162)log Kow used: 0. 04 (estimated)Volatilization from Water: Henry LC: 1. 97E-005 atm-m3/mole (estimated by Bond SAR Method)Half-Life from Model River: 44. 37 hours (1. 849 days)Half-Life from Model Lake : 605. 1 hours (25. 21 days)Removal In Wastewater Treatment: Total removal: 2. 92 percentTotal biodegradation: 0. 09 percentTotal sludge adsorption: 1. 74 percentTotal to Air: 1. 08 percent(using 10000 hr Bio P, A, S)Level III Fugacity Model: Mass Amount Half-Life Emissions(percent) (hr) (kg/hr)Air 1. 28 10. 4 1000 Water 54. 5 900 1000 Soil 44. 1 1. 8e+003 1000 Sediment 0. 106 8. 1e+003 0 Persistence Time: 472 hr

Click to predict properties on the Chemicalize site

- 1-Click Docking
- 1-Click Scaffold Hop