

Boric acid H_3BO_3 structure



**ASSIGN
BUSTER**

\n[[toc title="Table of Contents"](#)]\n

\n \t

1. [Experimental Melting Point:](#) \n \t
2. [Experimental Flash Point:](#) \n \t
3. [Experimental Gravity:](#) \n \t
4. [Experimental Solubility:](#) \n \t
5. [Safety:](#) \n \t
6. [Bio Activity:](#) \n

\n[/toc]\n \n

Contents

- Bio Activity:

Molecular



Formula

Average mass 61. 833 Da

Density 1. 4±0. 1 g/cm³

Boiling Point

Flash Point

Molar

$$10. 1\pm 0. 3 \text{ cm}^3$$

Refractivity

Polarizability 4. 0±0. 5 10⁻²⁴

cm³

Surface Tension 59.2 ± 3.0
dyne/cm

Molar Volume 43.0 ± 3.0 cm³

- Experimental data
- Predicted - ACD/Labs
- Predicted - EPISuite
- Predicted - ChemAxon
- Experimental Physico-chemical Properties

- **Experimental Melting Point:**

185 °C (Decomposes)Alfa Aesar33253, 12680,
10659

170.9 °CJean-Claude Bradley Open Melting Point
Dataset20629

185 °C (Decomposes)Alfa Aesar36771, A16624,
A10896

160 °C (Decomposes)Oakwood094443

170.9 °CLabNetworkLN00193674

171 °CFooDBFDB014459

- **Experimental Flash Point:**

- **Experimental Gravity:**

1. 435 g/mL Alfa Aesar 36771, A16624,

A10896

1. 44 g/mL Oakwood 094443

1. 44 g/mL Fluorochem

1. 44 g/L Fluorochem 094443

- **Experimental Solubility:**

Soluble in water (1 gram in 18ml cold or 4ml boiling water). Solubility in

increased by addition of HCl, citric or tartaric acid Alfa Aesar 33253

Soluble to 600 mM in water Tocris Bioscience 3177

- Miscellaneous

- **Safety:**

53-45 Alfa Aesar A10896, A16624, 36771

60-61 Alfa Aesar A10896, A16624, 36771

Danger Alfa Aesar A10896, A16624

H360FD Alfa Aesar A10896, A16624

P201-P308+P313 Alfa Aesar A10896, A16624

TAbblis ChemicalsAB1002298

WARNING: Irreversible damage risk, protect skin/eyes/lungs. Alfa AesarA

A16624, 10659, 12680, 33253, 36771

WARNING: Irritates eyes, lungs, may be harmful if swallowedAlfa AesarA

A16624, 10659, 12680, 33253, 36771

- **Bio Activity:**

Buffers, Solvents and SolutionsTocris

Bioscience3177

ReagentsTocris Bioscience3177

Widely used in buffers for electrophoresisTocris

Bioscience3177

Widely used in buffers for electrophoresis. Tocris

Bioscience3177

Predicted data is generated using the ACD/Labs Percepta Platform –

PhysChem Module

Density: $1.4 \pm 0.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Boiling Point:

Vapour Pressure:

Enthalpy of Vaporization:

Flash Point:

Index of Refraction: 1.385

Molar Refractivity: $10.1 \pm 0.3 \text{ cm}^3$

#H bond acceptors: 3

#H bond donors: 3

#Freely Rotating Bonds: 3

#Rule of 5 Violations: 0

ACD/LogP: -0.29

ACD/LogD (pH 5.5):

ACD/BCF (pH 5.5):

ACD/KOC (pH 5.5):

ACD/LogD (pH 7.4):

ACD/BCF (pH 7.4):

ACD/KOC (pH 7.4):

Polar Surface Area: 61 \AA^2

Polarizability: $4.0 \pm 0.5 \times 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3$

Surface Tension: $59.2 \pm 3.0 \text{ dyne/cm}$

Molar Volume: $43.0 \pm 3.0 \text{ cm}^3$

Predicted data is generated using the US Environmental Protection Agency's

EPISuite™

Log Octanol-Water Partition Coef (SRC): Log Kow (KOWWIN v1. 67 estimate) = -0. 22 Boiling Pt, Melting Pt, Vapor Pressure Estimations (MPBPWIN v1. 42): Boiling Pt (deg C): 616. 55 (Adapted Stein & Brown method) Melting Pt (deg C): 267. 04 (Mean or Weighted MP) VP (mm Hg, 25 deg C): 7. 36E-017 (Modified Grain method) MP (exp database): 170. 9 deg C Subcooled liquid VP: 2. 37E-015 mm Hg (25 deg C, Mod-Grain method) Water Solubility Estimate from Log Kow (WSKOW v1. 41): Water Solubility at 25 deg C (mg/L): 2. 117e+005 log Kow used: -0. 22 (estimated) no-melting pt equation used Water Sol (Exper. database match) = 5e+004 mg/L (25 deg C) Exper. Ref: SHIU, WY ET AL. (1990) Water Sol Estimate from Fragments: Wat Sol (v1. 01 est) = 1e+006 mg/L Wat Sol (Exper. database match) = 50000. 00 Exper. Ref: SHIU, WY ET AL. (1990) ECOSAR Class Program (ECOSAR v0. 99h): Class(es) found: Neutral Organics Henrys Law Constant (25 deg C) [HENRYWIN v3. 10]: Bond Method : Incomplete Group Method: Incomplete Henrys LC [VP/WSol estimate using EPI values]: 2. 828E-023 atm-m3/mole Log Octanol-Air Partition Coefficient (25 deg C) [KOAWIN v1. 10]: Can Not Estimate (can not calculate Henry LC) Probability of Rapid Biodegradation (BIOWIN v4. 10): Biowin1 (Linear Model) : 0. 7181 Biowin2 (Non-Linear Model) : 0. 8938 Expert Survey Biodegradation Results: Biowin3 (Ultimate Survey Model): 3. 0625 (weeks) Biowin4 (Primary Survey Model) : 3. 7585 (days) MITI Biodegradation Probability: Biowin5 (MITI Linear Model) : 0. 5282 Biowin6 (MITI Non-Linear Model): 0. 6771 Anaerobic Biodegradation Probability: Biowin7 (Anaerobic Linear Model): 0. 8361 Ready Biodegradability Prediction: YES Hydrocarbon Biodegradation (BioHCwin v1. 01): Structure incompatible with current estimation method! Sorption to aerosols (25 Dec C) [AEROWIN v1. 00]: Vapor pressure (liquid/subcooled): 3. 16E-013 Pa (2. 37E-015 mm Hg) Log Koa (): not available Kp (particle/gas partition coef. (m3/ug)): Mackay model : 9. 49E+006 Octanol/air (Koa) model: not available Fraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): Junge-Pankow model : 1 Mackay model : 1 Octanol/air (Koa) model: not available Atmospheric Oxidation (25 deg C) [AopWin v1. 92]: Hydroxyl Radicals Reaction: OVERALL OH Rate Constant = 0. 4200 E-12 cm3/molecule-sec Half-Life = 25. 467 Days (12-hr day; 1. 5E6 OH/cm3) Ozone Reaction: No Ozone Reaction Estimation Fraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): 1 (Junge, Mackay) Note: the sorbed fraction may be resistant to atmospheric oxidation Soil Adsorption Coefficient (PCKOCWIN v1. 66): Koc : 35. 04 Log Koc: 1. 545 Aqueous Base/Acid-Catalyzed Hydrolysis (25 deg C) [HYDROWIN v1. 67]: Rate constants can NOT be estimated for this structure! Bioaccumulation Estimates from Log Kow (BCFWIN v2. 17): Log BCF from regression-based method = 0. 500 (BCF = 3. 162) log Kow used: -0. 22 (estimated) Volatilization from Water: Henry LC: 2. 83E-023 atm-m3/mole (calculated from VP/WS) Half-Life from Model River: 1. 628E+019 hours (6. 782E+017 days) Half-Life from Model Lake : 1. 776E+020 hours (7. 399E+018

days)Removal In Wastewater Treatment: Total removal: 1. 85 percentTotal
biodegradation: 0. 09 percentTotal sludge adsorption: 1. 76 percentTotal to
Air: 0. 00 percent(using 10000 hr Bio P, A, S)Level III Fugacity Model: Mass
Amount Half-Life Emissions(percent) (hr) (kg/hr)Air 3. 28e-008 611 1000 Water
38. 7 360 1000 Soil 61. 2 720 1000 Sediment 0. 0711 3. 24e+003 0 Persistence
Time: 581 hr

Click to predict properties on the Chemicalize site