

# [Labetalol c19h24n2o3 structure](https://assignbuster.com/labetalol-c19h24n2o3-structure/)

\n[toc title="Table of Contents"]\n

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1. [Experimental Melting Point:](#experimental-melting-point) \n \t
2. [Experimental Flash Point:](#experimental-flash-point) \n \t
3. [Experimental Gravity:](#experimental-gravity) \n \t
4. [Safety:](#safety) \n \t
5. [Therapeutical Effect:](#therapeutical-effect) \n \t
6. [Retention Index (Kovats):](#retention-index-kovats) \n

\n[/toc]\n \n

Contents

* Retention Index (Kovats):

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Molecular Formula | C 19 H 24 N 2 O 3 |
| Average mass | 328. 405 Da |
| Density | 1. 2±0. 1 g/cm 3 |
| Boiling Point | 552. 7±50. 0 °C at 760 mmHg |
| Flash Point | 288. 1±30. 1 °C |
| Molar Refractivity | 94. 7±0. 3 cm 3 |
| Polarizability | 37. 6±0. 5 10 -24 cm 3 |
| Surface Tension | 55. 1±3. 0 dyne/cm |
| Molar Volume | 273. 6±3. 0 cm 3 |

* Experimental data
* Predicted – ACD/Labs
* Predicted – EPISuite
* Predicted – ChemAxon
* Experimental Physico-chemical Properties

## Experimental Melting Point:

|  |
| --- |
| 195. 5 °CJean-Claude Bradley Open Melting Point Dataset16533, 17160 |
| 188 °CJean-Claude Bradley Open Melting Point Dataset16533, 17160, 21797 |

## Experimental Flash Point:

|  |
| --- |
| 288. 1 °CBiosynthQ-201273 |

## Experimental Gravity:

|  |
| --- |
| 288. 1 g/mLBiosynthQ-201273 |

* Miscellaneous

## Safety:

|  |
| --- |
| GHS07BiosynthQ-201273 |
| H302BiosynthQ-201273 |
| P261; P280; P302+P352; P304+P340; P305+P351+P338; P312BiosynthQ-201273 |
| WarningBiosynthQ-201273 |

## Therapeutical Effect:

|  |
| --- |
| Antihypertensive Agents, SympatholyticsSean Ekins |

* Gas Chromatography

## Retention Index (Kovats):

|  |
| --- |
| 3004 (estimated with error: 89)NIST Spectramainlib\_248725, replib\_120430 |

Predicted data is generated using the ACD/Labs Percepta Platform – PhysChem Module

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Density: | 1. 2±0. 1 g/cm 3 |
| Boiling Point: | 552. 7±50. 0 °C at 760 mmHg |
| Vapour Pressure: | 0. 0±1. 6 mmHg at 25°C |
| Enthalpy of Vaporization: | 87. 7±3. 0 kJ/mol |
| Flash Point: | 288. 1±30. 1 °C |
| Index of Refraction: | 1. 609 |
| Molar Refractivity: | 94. 7±0. 3 cm 3 |
| #H bond acceptors: | 5 |
| #H bond donors: | 5 |
| #Freely Rotating Bonds: | 8 |
| #Rule of 5 Violations: | 1 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ACD/LogP: | 2. 31 |
| ACD/LogD (pH 5. 5): | -0. 27 |
| ACD/BCF (pH 5. 5): | 1. 00 |
| ACD/KOC (pH 5. 5): | 1. 00 |
| ACD/LogD (pH 7. 4): | 0. 85 |
| ACD/BCF (pH 7. 4): | 1. 00 |
| ACD/KOC (pH 7. 4): | 9. 43 |
| Polar Surface Area: | 96 Å 2 |
| Polarizability: | 37. 6±0. 5 10 -24 cm 3 |
| Surface Tension: | 55. 1±3. 0 dyne/cm |
| Molar Volume: | 273. 6±3. 0 cm 3 |

Predicted data is generated using the US Environmental Protection Agency’s EPISuite™

Log Octanol-Water Partition Coef (SRC): Log Kow (KOWWIN v1. 67 estimate) = 2. 41Log Kow (Exper. database match) = 3. 09Exper. Ref: Hansch, C et al. (1995)Boiling Pt, Melting Pt, Vapor Pressure Estimations (MPBPWIN v1. 42): Boiling Pt (deg C): 533. 96 (Adapted Stein & Brown method)Melting Pt (deg C): 228. 46 (Mean or Weighted MP)VP(mm Hg, 25 deg C): 3. 33E-013 (Modified Grain method)MP (exp database): 188 deg CSubcooled liquid VP: 1. 69E-011 mm Hg (25 deg C, Mod-Grain method)Water Solubility Estimate from Log Kow (WSKOW v1. 41): Water Solubility at 25 deg C (mg/L): 72. 9log Kow used: 3. 09 (expkow database)no-melting pt equation usedWater Sol Estimate from Fragments: Wat Sol (v1. 01 est) = 75267 mg/LECOSAR Class Program (ECOSAR v0. 99h): Class(es) found: Aliphatic AminesPhenolsBenzyl AlcoholsHenrys Law Constant (25 deg C) [HENRYWIN v3. 10]: Bond Method : 6. 63E-019 atm-m3/moleGroup Method: IncompleteHenrys LC [VP/WSol estimate using EPI values]: 1. 974E-015 atm-m3/moleLog Octanol-Air Partition Coefficient (25 deg C) [KOAWIN v1. 10]: Log Kow used: 3. 09 (exp database)Log Kaw used: -16. 567 (HenryWin est)Log Koa (KOAWIN v1. 10 estimate): 19. 657Log Koa (experimental database): NoneProbability of Rapid Biodegradation (BIOWIN v4. 10): Biowin1 (Linear Model) : 1. 4125Biowin2 (Non-Linear Model) : 0. 9986Expert Survey Biodegradation Results: Biowin3 (Ultimate Survey Model): 2. 6072 (weeks-months)Biowin4 (Primary Survey Model) : 3. 7281 (days-weeks )MITI Biodegradation Probability: Biowin5 (MITI Linear Model) : 0. 1693Biowin6 (MITI Non-Linear Model): 0. 0482Anaerobic Biodegradation Probability: Biowin7 (Anaerobic Linear Model): -0. 1684Ready Biodegradability Prediction: NOHydrocarbon Biodegradation (BioHCwin v1. 01): Structure incompatible with current estimation method! Sorption to aerosols (25 Dec C)[AEROWIN v1. 00]: Vapor pressure (liquid/subcooled): 2. 25E-009 Pa (1. 69E-011 mm Hg)Log Koa (Koawin est ): 19. 657Kp (particle/gas partition coef. (m3/ug)): Mackay model : 1. 33E+003 Octanol/air (Koa) model: 1. 11E+007 Fraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): Junge-Pankow model : 1 Mackay model : 1 Octanol/air (Koa) model: 1 Atmospheric Oxidation (25 deg C) [AopWin v1. 92]: Hydroxyl Radicals Reaction: OVERALL OH Rate Constant = 150. 6411 E-12 cm3/molecule-secHalf-Life = 0. 071 Days (12-hr day; 1. 5E6 OH/cm3)Half-Life = 0. 852 HrsOzone Reaction: No Ozone Reaction EstimationReaction With Nitrate Radicals May Be Important! Fraction sorbed to airborne particulates (phi): 1 (Junge, Mackay)Note: the sorbed fraction may be resistant to atmospheric oxidationSoil Adsorption Coefficient (PCKOCWIN v1. 66): Koc : 5677Log Koc: 3. 754 Aqueous Base/Acid-Catalyzed Hydrolysis (25 deg C) [HYDROWIN v1. 67]: Rate constants can NOT be estimated for this structure! Bioaccumulation Estimates from Log Kow (BCFWIN v2. 17): Log BCF from regression-based method = 1. 029 (BCF = 10. 7)log Kow used: 3. 09 (expkow database)Volatilization from Water: Henry LC: 6. 63E-019 atm-m3/mole (estimated by Bond SAR Method)Half-Life from Model River: 1. 6E+015 hours (6. 668E+013 days)Half-Life from Model Lake : 1. 746E+016 hours (7. 274E+014 days)Removal In Wastewater Treatment: Total removal: 6. 53 percentTotal biodegradation: 0. 13 percentTotal sludge adsorption: 6. 40 percentTotal to Air: 0. 00 percent(using 10000 hr Bio P, A, S)Level III Fugacity Model: Mass Amount Half-Life Emissions(percent) (hr) (kg/hr)Air 1. 33e-007 1. 7 1000 Water 12. 5 900 1000 Soil 87. 1 1. 8e+003 1000 Sediment 0. 349 8. 1e+003 0 Persistence Time: 1. 79e+003 hr

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