## Answer questions

Family

## ASSIGN BUSTER

Weight conversion: Pounds to kilograms (kg) --- weight in pounds $2.2=$ weight in kg Height conversion: Feet to inches--- 1 foot $=12$ inches (5'6" = 66 inches)

Inches to meters $(\mathrm{m})=1$ inch $=0.0254\left(5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}=66\right.$ inches $\left.=1.6764 \mathrm{~m}\right)$ Inches to centimeters (cm) --- inches $\times 2.54$ (66 inches $\times 2.54=167.64$ cm)

For all questions that involve math, you must show your math work to receive full credit.

1. What is your BMI [weight (kg) $\div$ Height (m2)]? Refer to your textbook and determine your BMI classification. Calculate your BMI (show your work) and indicate your BMI classification in the space below.
$B M I=75 /(1.5752)=30.2$
My BMI is 30. 2 , indicating my weight is in the obese
2. Using the Harris-Benedict Equation provided below, calculate your BMR by using the following formula (note: this formula is gender-specific!).

For Women: $\mathrm{BMR}=655+(4.35 \times$ weight in pounds $)+(4.7 \times$ height in inches) - (4. $7 \times$ age in years)

For Men: $\mathrm{BMR}=66+(6.23 \times$ weight in pounds $)+(12.7 \times$ height in inches) (6. $8 \times$ age in years)

Show your work:
As a women
$B M R=655+(4.35 * 165)+(4.7 * 62)-(4.7 * 37)$
$B M R=(655+717.75)+291.4-173.9$
$B M R=1372.75+291.4-173.9$
$B M R=1490.25$

Your BMR is:
3. Next, to calculate your total kcal needs for the day. To do this, multiply your BMR (your answer from the previous question) by an activity factor that you select below and a stress factor (SF) from the chart below. Unless you are recovering from surgery or major injury, assume that your stress factor is one.

Light exercise (1-3 days per week)
$=\mathrm{BMR} \times 1.375$
x (SF)
Moderate exercise (3-5 days per week)
$=\mathrm{BMR} \times 1.55$
x (SF)
Heavy exercise (6-7 days per week)
$=B M R \times 1.725$
x (SF)
Very heavy exercise (twice per day, extra heavy workouts)
$=\mathrm{BMR} \times 1.9$
x (SF)
Show your work: $1490.25 \times 1.375=2049$ per day calories
1490. $25 \times 1.375 \times 1.2=$

Your calculated kcal needs for the day are
4. Then calculate your total kcal needs for the day using the Mifflin-St. Jeor equation. It is also gender specific. Use the activity factor and stress factor charts provided in question \#3.

For Men:
$B M R=(10 \times$ weight in kg) $+(6.25 \times$ height in cm) $-(5 \times$ Age in years $)+5=$ https://assignbuster.com/answer-questions-essay-samples-8/

For Women:
$B M R=(10 \times$ weight in $k g)+(6.25 \times$ height in cm$)-(5 \times$ Age in years $)-161$ =

Then, multiply your calculated BMR from above by the activity factor and stress factor you selected in question \#3. This will indicate your kcal needs for the day using the Mifflin-St. Jeor equation. Show your work (remember to use the activity factor).

## 1. $375 \times 1388.3 \times 1.2$

Your caloric needs using Mifflin-St. Jeor: 1388. $3 \times 1.375 \times 1.2=2290.2$
5a)Were you surprised by these answers regarding your calculated needs? Why or why not? What do you expect to happen with regard to your caloric needs as your age increases?

I am not surprised at the figures resulting from calculated kcal needs since they are around the recommended needs for my figure which is $2,000 \mathrm{kcal}$. However, I am slightly above the recommended kcal needs because of my size (weight and height) which indicates that I am overweight (obese). This indicates that I need more calories than an average woman.
as my age increases my kcal needs will increase because of the increase in the number of activities; usually needing more calories.

5b)How do the caloric needs compare? Are they similar or different (are they within 50-100 calories of each other?)

The caloric needs calculate by using Mifflin-St. Jeor and Harris-Benedict Equation are different because they have a difference of slightly more than 100 calories (168. 71).

