

Composition and inverse

[Science](#), [Mathematics](#)



Composition and Inverse College Composition and Inverse We define the following functions:

$$f(x) = 2x + 5 \quad g(x) = x^2 - 3 \quad h(x) = (7-x)/3$$

Compute $(f - h)(4)$.

To evaluate $(f - h)(4)$, the function $(f - h)(x)$ may be found first by subtracting the function $h(x)$ from the function $f(x)$. So,

$$f(x) - h(x) = 2x + 5 - \dots \quad f(x) - h(x) =$$

$$\dots \quad (f - h)(x) =$$

Then upon substitution of 4 into 'x', $(f - h)(4) = 12$

Evaluate the following two compositions:

A: $(f \circ g)(x)$ would pertain to a composition where the function $g(x)$ is composed within the function $f(x)$ such that $g(x)$ serves as an expression that replaces 'x' in $f(x)$ as follows

$$\dots \quad (f \circ g)(x) = 2(g(x)) + 5 = 2(x^2 - 3) + 5$$

so the expression $x^2 - 3$ takes the place of 'x' in $2x + 5$, then applying distributive property and combining like terms, that reduces to

$$\dots \quad (f \circ g)(x) = 2x^2 - 1$$

B: $(h \circ g)(x)$ would pertain to a composition where the function $g(x)$ is composed within the function $h(x)$, and in a similar function (as in part A), $g(x)$ serves as an expression that replaces 'x' herein -

$$\dots \quad (h \circ g)(x) =$$

so the expression $x^2 - 3$ takes the place of 'x' in $(7 - x)/3$, then distributing the negative sign into the quantity to remove the parentheses and combining like terms, that simplifies to -

$$\dots \quad (h \circ g)(x) =$$

Graph the $g(x)$ function and transform it so that the graph is moved 6 units to the right and 7 units down.

On transforming $g(x)$ so that the graph shifts 6 units to the right and 7 units down, the new function would $g(x) = -3 - 7$ or -10 whose graph looks -

2. Find the inverse functions:

C: $(x) \rightarrow$ from $y = 2x + 5$, variables may be switched so that $x = 2y + 5$, then isolating the 'y', 5 must be subtracted (both sides) to have $x - 5 = 2y$, whereupon division by 2,

$$\rightarrow (x) =$$

D: $(x) \rightarrow$ from $y = (7 - x)/3$, switching of variables yields $3x = 7 - y$, then adding 'y' on both sides of the equation and subtracting '3x' to get 'y' by itself on one side,

$$\rightarrow (x) = 7 - 3x$$