

Conflict palestine  
think of themselves  
as two separate



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Conflict cycle consist of 3 stages which are ' conflict formation', ' conflict escalation' and ' conflict decline'. Conflict formed when two different societies fighting over the ownership of a land. Territorial dispute amongst Jews and Palestine started after the Second World War. The Jews and Palestine think of themselves as two separate identities who is superior than the others.

The Jews have a grievance to be satisfied which is to find a state for the Jew people as many were killed in the war against the Nazi and those who lived, have fled to other states seeking refuge. The Zionist movement formed by Alexander Herzl has convinced the Jews that they are chosen by God as they started to shortlist countries in order to form a state for them.

Zionism is Israel's national ideology which promotes the belief that Judaism is a nationality as well as a religion, and that Jews deserve their own land in their ancestral homeland, Israel. Palestine became their first choice as they claimed sovereignty over the land that used to be for Jews. Conflict started to form when the Jews believe they can get Palestine as they have received support and votes from the United Nations.

Conflict starts to escalate when the numbers of actors and issues in dispute increase. For instance, Israel has fought multiple wars with other countries in the Middle East, all of whom support the Palestinian national cause. During 1948 until 1967, Jamal Abd Nasser, the president of Egypt has mobilized all armies to fight against Israel. In 1967, The Arab waged the ' 6 days war' against Israel and they got support from the Soviet Union. Unfortunately the Arabs lost and the whole of Jerusalem and half of Egypt were taken by the Jews.

This shows that the escalation of conflict leads to the expansion in the region. The conflict has become more generalized as it has involved more people. The conflict escalated when the frequency of attacks and intensity increased. It can be seen when Egypt launched another war against Israel in 1973 under the lead of Anwar Saddat. After that, the uprising of Palestinian against Israel occurred in the late 1980s and in the early 2000s which is famously known as Intifada. The intifadas had a dramatic effect on Israeli-Palestinian relations as it has marked the end of negotiating process between Israeli and Palestinian. The desire to achieve the goals has been replaced by the desire to harm one another.

The first intifada was a series of Palestinian demonstrations, nonviolent actions like mass boycotts and Palestinians refusing to work in Israel, and attacks (using rocks, Molotov cocktails, and occasionally firearms) on Israelis. The fatal and damage towards the Palestinian were bigger as the Israeli military responded to the protests and attacks with heavy force and weapons. The second intifada grew out of the peace process that supposed to happen in 2000. Negotiations between Israeli Prime Minister Ehud Barak and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat broke down, and the intifada began shortly afterwards. Unlike the first intifada, Palestinian responded with suicide bombings, rocket attacks, and sniper fire, in which Israel has met with even deadlier force.

The conflict has slowed down in 2005, but not before about 1,000 Israelis and 3,200 Palestinians were killed.