

Ancient egypt assignment

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BUSTER**

The pharaoh was at the top of the social hierarchy. Next to him, the most powerful officers were the viziers, the executive heads of the bureaucracy. Under them were the high priests, followed by royal administrators who ensured that the 42 district governors carried out the pharaohs orders. At the bottom of the hierarchy were the scribes, artisans, farmers and laborers. Throughout the ancient governments days there were many pharaohs. In fact, according to the Mysteries of Egypt Website, the Pharaohs began ruling Egypt In 3000 B. C. When upper and lower Egypt were united.

During the Old Kingdom, they considered themselves to be living gods who ruled with absolute power. They built pyramids in their greatness but left no official records of their achievements. During the Middle Kingdom, the pharaohs no longer considered themselves to be living gods, but instead the representatives of the gods on earth. To show their image as powerful rulers, the pharaohs represented themselves in writings and sculptured pictures on temple walls. They often showed themselves as warriors killing all of the enemies. Not all of the Pharaohs were men nor were they Egyptians.

Scarlet Harris, a student at Winslow School, says that the first woman to become a pharaoh was Queen Hatchets, who was one of the only three women to become a pharaoh. There were many men such as Renames III, and Renames II. Today the government is the supreme executive and administrative part of the State. It consists of the Council of Ministers, headed by the Prime Minister, who supervises the work of the government. The Parliament may withdraw confidence from the Cabinet or any Cabinet member. The People's Assembly is the legislative branch of the State.

It approves the general policy, new laws, the budget and the development plans. According to the Constitution, the People's Assembly is made up of 444 directly elected members and Sahara Council is Egypt consultative council. It offers advice, and proposes new laws and regulations to the People's Assembly. The Judiciary authority is exercised through four categories of courts of Justice: the Supreme Constitutional Court, which is the highest Judicial body, the Court of Cession, the seven courts of Appeal in the various Govern orates, and the Summary

Tribunals in the districts. The political system is based on a Multi-party system. Law 40 of 1977 regulates the formation of political parties in Egypt. This law prohibits the formation of religious- based political parties. There are currently 14 active political parties representing ' arioso stands across the political system. The National Democratic Party currently holds the majority of seats in the People's Assembly. Administratively, Egypt is divided into 26 Govern orates, each headed by a Governor No is appointed by the President.

Within their districts, local government units establish and manage all public utilities, provide services, and designate industrial areas. Local Popular Councils are elected bodies that work closely with local government administrative units at various levels. Egypt President today is Hoses Embark. He was first elected in 1981. Today's government in Egypt is similar to the old government. This is because both Newer run by one person. Then branches off into little sections of the government. Now the government is more in order then it used to be. Egypt has a great government.