Krashen's five major hypotheses



1. Acquisition-Learning HypothesisAdult learners' " fluency in L2 performance is due to what we have ACQUIRED, not what we have learned. SUBCONSCIOUS acquisition is separate from conscious learning and is SUPERIOR in the long-run. 2. Affective Filter HypothesisThe best acquisition will occur in environments of low anxiety, that is, in contexts where the affective filter is LOWER. ONKRASHEN' S FIVE MAJOR HYPOTHESES SPECIFICALLY FOR YOUFOR ONLY\$13. 90/PAGEOrder Now3. Natural Order HypothesisExtrapolating from morpheme order studies, we acquire language rules in a predictable or " natural" order. 4. Monitor HypothesisMonitoring, " watchdogging" one's output, and other explicit, intentional learning, ought to be largely avoided, as it presumed to HINDER acquisition. 5. Input HypothesisComprehensible input-input that is " a bit beyond" one's level of competence-is " the only true cause of second language acquisition." That input may be represented as i+1, that is, neither too far beyond one's reach nor so close that it poses no challenge (i+0). Further, speech will naturally " emerge" with sufficient comprehensible input. Learning DefinitionThe activity or process of gaining knowledge or skill by studying, practicing, being taught, or experiencing something. Acquisition DefinitionThe Act of gaining a new skill, ability, etc, usually by your OWN effort. Learning = Monitorconscious (lang--> grammar or rules)

- -surface knowledge
- -corrects utterances
- -putting effort into learning and correcting
- -traditional, intentional instruction of a language, grammar rules, etc.

Acquisition-subconscious

-implicit/effortless learning (L1)

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- -internalization/fluency
- -initiates utterancesKrashen's 3 Conditions (in order to monitor)1. time (everyday convos don't supply enough time)
- 2. focus on form (attention on how one is saying something not the content)
- 3. to know the rule (" i after e", or another grammar rule)3 types of monitor users1. monitor over-users
- 2. monitor under-users
- 3. optimal monitor useMonitor Over-Users-rely on learning
- -have not acquired much of the lang
- -don't feel confident in acquisitionMonitor Under-Users-only use what has been acquiredOptimal Monitor Use-use " learned competence as a supplement to their acquired competence"
- -should not be used excessively, only to "polish" lang