Acme company

Finance



Finance and Accounting of Response to Problem Acme Company Income

ment for the year Sales126, 000

Less Operating Expenses 80, 200

Income 45, 800

Less Tax (30%) 13, 740

Net Income 31, 060

Statement of Returned Earnings

Net Income for the year 201231, 060

Less Dividends20, 000

Retained Earnings 201211, 060

Acme Company

Balance Sheet

Current Assets

Cash25, 000

Accounts Receivable 20, 300

Inventory81, 000

Total Current Assets126, 300

Non-Current Assets

Equipment60, 700

Less Accumulated Depreciation 20, 000

Total Non-current Assets 40, 700

Total Assets167, 000

Liabilities and Capital

Current Liabilities

Accounts Payable66, 140

Accrued Salary 1, 800

Total Current Liabilities 67, 940

Capital

Shares Outstanding87, 000

Add retained Earnings11, 060

Total Capital 98, 060

Total Liabilities and Capital167, 000

Liquidity Ratios

Current Ratio = Current Assets/Current Liabilities (Fridson, and Alvarez,

2011)

 $= 126, 300 \div 67, 940$

= 1.9

Quick Ratio = (Current Assets - Inventory)/ Current Liabilities

= (126, 300 - 81, 000)/67, 940

= 0.67

The current ratio is 1. 9. That indicates that the company is in a position to furnish its short-term obligations. As for the quick ratio, it is 0. 67. That indicates that the value of liquid assets available to furnish current obligations is less than the current liabilities.

Response to Problem 2

Description

Debit

Credit

Cash

9,000

Investments (Short-Term)

4,000

Accounts Receivable

13,000

Inventory

22,000

Notes Receivable (Long-term)

1,000

Equipment

48,000

Factory building

90,000

Intangibles

3,000

Accounts Payable

15,000

Accrued Liabilities Payable

2,000

Notes payable (short-term)

7,000

Long-term notes payable

46,000

Contributed Capital

90,000

Retained Earnings

30,000

Total

190,000

190,000 Cash Account Description \$ Description \$ Balance b/d 9,000 Short-term investments 10,000 Capital 12,000 Accounts receivable 8,000 Notes Payable 20,000 Equipment 28,000 Equipment 1,000 Intangibles 4,000 Balance c/d 53,000 Buildings 45,000

Total
95, 000
Total
95, 000
Short Term Investments
Description
\$
Description
\$
Balance b/d
4, 000
Cash
10, 000
Balance c/d
14, 000
Total
14, 000
Total
14, 000
Accounts Receivable
Description
\$
Description
\$
Balance b/d
13, 000
https://assignbuster.com/acme-company/

Cash 8,000 Balance c/d 21,000 Total 21,000 Total 21,000 Inventory Description \$ Description \$ Balance b/d 22,000 Balance c/d 22,000 Total 22,000 Total 22,000 Long-Term Notes Receivable Description \$ Description \$ https://assignbuster.com/acme-company/

Balance b/d
1,000
Balance c/d
1,000
Total
1,000
Total
1, 000
Equipment
Description
\$
Description
\$
Balance b/d
48, 000
Cash
1,000
Cash
4, 000
Short-term notes payable
24, 000
Balance c/d
75, 000
Total
76, 000
total
https://assignbuster.com/acme-company/

76, 000
Factory Building
Description
\$
Description
\$
Intangibles
90, 000
Cash
10,000
Long-term Notes payable
35, 000
Balance c/d
135, 000
Total
135, 000
Total
135, 000
Intangibles
Description
\$
Description
\$
Balance b/d
3, 000
Cash
https://assignbuster.com/acme-company/

4,000 Balance c/d Total 7,000 Total 7,000 Accounts Payable Description \$ Description \$ Balance c/d 15,000 Balance b/d 15,000 Total 15,000 Total 15,000 Accrued Liabilities Payable Description \$ Description \$ Balance c/d 2,000 https://assignbuster.com/acme-company/

Balance b/d 2,000 Total 2,000 Total 2,000 Notes Payable (Short-Term) Description \$ Description \$ Balance c/d 7,000 Balance b/d 7,000 Total 7,000 Total 7,000 Long-Term Notes Payable Description \$ Description \$ Balance b/d 46,000 https://assignbuster.com/acme-company/

Actile company - Paper Example
Balance c/d
81, 000
Factory Building
35, 000
Total
81, 000
Total
81, 000
Capital
Description
\$
Description
\$
Balance b/d
90, 000
Balance c/d
102, 000
Cash
12, 000
Total
102, 000
Total
102,000
Retained Earnings
Description
\$

Description \$ Balance c/d 30,000 Balance b/d 30,000 Total 30,000 Total 30,000 Item did does not require to be entered. That is because it does not involve any payment made or liability incurred. **Balance Sheet** As at 31/12/12 Description \$ \$ Assets **Current Assets** Cash (93,000)Accounts receivable 21,000 Inventory 22,000 (50,000)

Total Current Assets

Non-Current Assets

Notes Receivable (Long-Term)

1,000

Equipment

75,000

Factory Building

135,000

Intangibles

7,000

Total Non-Current Assets

218,000

Total Assets

168,000

Liabilities and Capital

Current Liabilities

Accounts Payable

15,000

Accrued Liabilities Payable

2,000

Notes Payable (Short Term)

7,000

Total Current Liabilities

24,000

Non-Current Liabilities

Long-Term notes payable

81,000

Total Non-Current Liabilities

81,000

Total Liabilities

105,000

Contributed Capital

102,000

Add Retained Earnings

30,000

Total Capital

132,000

Total Liabilities and Capital

237,000

Current ratio = current assets/ Current liabilities

20122013

Current Assets = 49, 000/24, 000(50, 000)/24, 000

= 2.04-2.08

The current ratio for 2013 is -2. 08. That indicates that the company is not in a position to meet its current obligations from its current assets. In 2012, the company had a better current ratio of 2. 04.

Response to Problem 3

1. Assets = 32, 666 Million

Liabilities = 18, 809 Million

Owner's Equity = 13, 857 Million

2. If the company was to go through liquidation, the shareholders would get the \$13, 857 million as it is the difference between the assets and liabilities.

- 3. Non-current liabilities for the year 2012 = 18, 809 7, 708 = \$11, 101Million
- 4. Current Ratio = 9, 784/7, 708 = 1. 3
- 5. In 2012, the company had a cash outflow. The cash outflow was \$903 million
- 6. The cash flow from operating activities in 2012 is \$3, 762 million. The amount is not the same as the operating income due to the depreciation, interest and taxes charged against the income in the income statement.

 References

Fridson, M. S. and Alvarez, F. (2011). Financial Statement Analysis: A Practitioners Guide 4th Ed. Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley.