

The foot, it is also
found in warm,



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The skin and hair are very important parts of the body. If not taken well care off, it can lead to many rashes, infections, diseases and even funguses.

Having healthy skin and hair, focuses a lot on practicing good hygiene. Not having good hygiene can lead to Trichomycosis, which is a bacterial infection of the underarm hairs.

If not treated immediately or in a short amount of time, trichomycosis can affect the pubic hair. To treat Trichomycosis a physician must prescribe Antibiotics. The two typical antibiotics that doctors provide for the condition, are clindamycin or erythromycin lotion.

Those two antibiotics help clear the infections. Bad hygiene can cause most of the Tinea infections. Two of the Tinea infections are the Tinea capitis and the Tinea Pedis. The Tinea capitis is a fungal infection of the scalp, eyebrows, and eyelashes which mainly focuses on the hair shafts and hair follicles. Tinea Capitis is a form of Mycosis. Mycosis being any type of disease that is caused by any type of fungus. Tinea Pedis is also considered a form of Mycosis because it is too a disease caused by a fungus. Tinea Pedis is different from Tinea Capitis because the Tinea Pedis is the infection of the foot due to a Dermatophytosis fungus.

A Dermatophyte fungus is part of the three main funguses that cause skin diseases in human skin or animal skin. There are three main types of Tinea Pedis, one of which most of us have heard about, Athletes foot. Athletes foot is mostly found in warm, hot places.

Examples would be, the shower, pool or floors. Bad hygiene ties into some of the causes of attracting Athletes foot because if you have sweaty feet it

increases your risk of having it. Athletesfoot symptoms may be, itching, blisters and irritable skin in between the toes. Onychomycosis is also a foot fungal infection. Onychomycosis involves the toenails and any part of them, including the matrix, bed or plate. Like Athletes foot, it is also found in warm, moist environments. Onychomycosis causes the nail to be thicker than usual, and be yellow.

It can also be found in the finger nails, but is most common infection in the toenails. All those diseases I mentioned, have one main thing in common. They are all caused by a type of fungus. Now, Tinea Pedis and onychomycosis are both infections of the foot.

Although they have the similarity of being infections of the foot, they affect two different parts of the foot. Tinea pedis (sole, in between toes) and Onychomycosis (toe nails). Tinea Capitis, Tinea Pedis, Onychomycosis and Trichomycosis can all be cured and treated with Antifungals. Antifungal drugs can treat and prevent Mycosis which is all the diseases listed above that are caused by fungus. There are many Antifungal drugs, they can be in forms of creams, lotions and pills.

They all help with the treatment and prevention of the infections. Pediculosis and Scabies are very well related, but have many differences. Both are an infestation of some sort of parasite. Pediculosis is the infestation of lice. Lice is a parasite that feeds on the human blood. Lice are easily exposed to people with direct contact. They are very easy to obtain and can be very hard to treat if not treated correctly and in time.

Some of the symptoms will take up to 3 weeks to appear, The symptoms can be itching and scratching in the affected area. Scabies is also an infestation of a parasite. Scabies is the infestation of *Sarcoptes scabiei*, which is a tiny mite. This infestation can also be transferred person to person by physical contact. Scabies causes rashes and itchiness throughout the body.

Pediculosis and Scabies can both be treated with antiparasitic drugs.

Antiparasitic drugs focus on treating a parasite disease. Antiparasitic drugs can stop the growth of the parasite and can kill the parasite. These drugs can come in any form, from shampoo, pills and creams. All the bacteria/infections/infestations tie in together one way or another,