

# [Introduction suicide. how to help depressed teenagers](https://assignbuster.com/introduction-suicide-how-to-help-depressed-teenagers/)

## Introduction

A considerable number of teenagers around the globe extensively suffer from depression.

Depression can lead to several unpleasant behaviors, especially when left unattended. However, in as much as the teen are extremely vulnerable to depressions, most of them adopt several mechanisms that significantly assist them in containing their situation. Although, the methods employed vary from one individual to another; some may employ constructive measures, while others use unhelpful approaches.

## Teen depression

### Understanding teen depression

It is noted that teen depression is primarily caused by two common factors i. e. unanswered sorrow and emotional disconnection.

Unanswered sorrows are caused by certain life experiences such as the loss of loved ones, desertion, and disturbing events. On the other hand, emotional disconnection is caused by the fear of being unable to correlate with other. Many people misunderstand teen depression, which is due to their several interesting behaviors at this stage. Therefore, it is extremely necessary to understand teenagers, incase one intends to detect and assist the teenagers fight against depressions. Depression is an awful illness to the teens, since it causes extraordinary grief, fury or despair among these youngsters. Furthermore, it is also a lethal disease; many people have perished after suffering severe depression i.

e. either by committing suicide or by natural death. Sources indicate that, approximately 20% of the depressed teens never seek help, despite the knowledge that it’s curable (Smith, & Barston, 2010).

However, it is noted that the majority who seek for treatment, approach persons such as teachers or parents who often assist them get the best treatment.

### Symptoms of depression on teenagers

It is extremely difficult to detect a depressed teenager. This is because; most depression symptoms are similar to certain normal behaviors of teens. Some of depression symptoms can be summarized as rejection of parents and friends; restlessness; fatigue; lack of concentration and enthusiasms; significant change in sleeping and eating pattern (Smith, & Barston, 2010). However, the most regular symptoms considered as follows: extraordinary sensitivity to criticism, rejection of friends and families, fuming moods and unexplained pains.

### Impacts of depression on teenagers

Depression is characterized by several effects; however, most of them impact negatively to the teens.

Untreated teens end up: using illegal drugs; having class work problems, eating disorders; portraying immature behaviors and having low self-worth (Gelman, 2000). Furthermore, some of them become violent, practice lots of reckless activities and, in some instances, they even threaten to commit suicide.

### How to help depressed teenagers

Teenager seek help to persons they trust; therefore, for one to assist them he or she must display certain tolerable and friendly qualities.

One needs to be understanding and offer extensive support to the depressed teens. Furthermore, one must listen with kindness, and later emphasize to them, on the importance of seeking treatment. It is also helpful, to notify the teenagers, how they can seek for treatment i. e. by advising them to consult doctors or any other specialist, and maybe explore other treatment options.

### How teens cope up with depression

Teenagers employ different approaches in their attempt to cope up with depression. Some teens employ positive approaches, whereas others use unconstructive measures, which end up messing their promising lives.

Constructive approaches significantly assist the teens in learning to manage their depressions; whereas, most unconstructive measures destroy a teenagers’ lives.

### Constructive ways used by teens

Teens employ several constructive ways of handling depression during their adolescent stage. For instance, a considerable percentage of teens use extra-curriculum activities such as sports and games, to cope with depression. They spend many of their free hours in playing different sports, games and other co-curriculum activities.

This extensively assist them cope with depression since most of their free time is spent on sports, instead of idling with a depressed mind.

### Unconstructive ways used by teens

A number of teens employ several unconstructive approaches of coping with depressions during their adolescent stage. For instance, a significant number of teenagers use drugs as a way of escaping their mental problems. They smoke, sniff and drink unhealthy drugs such as marijuana, cocaine and alcohol respectively (Gelman, 2000). Interestingly, most of these teens are often convinced that drug abuse do solve their problems.

This is extremely unfortunate to them, since abuse of drugs does not, in any way, solve their problems; instead, it further complicates it, to the extent of being uncontrollable. A considerable number of teenagers engage in reckless behaviors, as a way of expressing their humiliation and depression. They often feel relived after doing or participating in certain irresponsible behaviors such as shop lifting.

However, the relief is momentarily thus they keep on repeating the immature behaviors. Some teenagers also keep off their friends and families, when they are depressed (Ayer, 2001). Their primary intension is always not to abandon their friends, but to avoid discussions and conversations that might complicate their situation.

However, this is not necessarily a dire approach, since it may work well to some teens.

## Conclusion

Depression is a common illness among teens, and it is associated with several complications including disagreeable behaviors. It is, therefore, imperative to, unmistakably, understand teenagers, incase one intends to assist them. This is because of the misconceptions surrounding their teenage lives thus one may misinterpret some of them as unusual behaviors. Teens employ several approaches in coping up with depression; some of them being beneficial, while others unconstructive.

## References

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