Utilization management – an effective way to curb healthcare costs



Utilization Management (UM) has become a necessity in our healthcare landscape today especially since the focus has shifted towards avoiding indiscriminate use of healthcare resources. Read on to learn more about the concept of Utilization Management and the activities it encompasses.

Utilization Management is a practice that involves a set of activities that aim at containing costs without compromising the quality of care delivered to the patients. In a prosperous nation like the United States where the cost of health care has been steadily rising and has reached an exorbitant figure of over \$10,000 per person per year, such cost-saving strategies are much needed. The establishment of value-based instead of service-oriented reimbursement philosophy is a step towards urging healthcare professionals to invest in UM strategies to improve both health as well as financial results.

Here are some important activities that form the framework of any successful UM program:

- 1. Ensuring Provision of Suitable and Essential Care It is vital to ascertain the necessity and the effectiveness of care throughout the patient's treatment lifecycle. Such periodic interventions help in avoiding costs that accumulate as a result of duplication of efforts, incorrect diagnosis, and unnecessary medications.
- 2. Detecting Quality and Safety Concerns Any potential issues that sabotage the quality of treatment that a person is receiving as well as its safety are caught as part of the constant monitoring process. While screening a patient's treatment, UM personnel keep in mind the

- patient's health history and other facets of their socio-economic background too.
- 3. Enhancing Engagement Through Communication One of the most critical features of a UM strategy is keeping patients connected to their healthcare support system. Educating them on how to manage their well-being even after they have left the premises of the healthcare facility, reminding them of follow-up appointments, and ensuring that they adapt to any changes in medication or dosage that their provider has recommended are some examples of how UM methods try improving the results.
- 4. Managing Transitions During treatment, especially in the case of those who are chronically ill, transitions are bound to happen. This could either mean getting discharged and going home or moving to another specialized facility or even to an assisted living community. UM specialists manage such transitions so that there is no disruption in care.
- 5. Identifying Past Shortcomings By reviewing the documentation detailing the case history of a patient, UM personnel can zero in on the gaps in care provided so far. Using this information, providers can assess methods to avoid such failures in the future.
- 6. Connecting With The Payors Another crucial aspect of the UM plan is to ensure insurance coverage and eligibility to avoid any confusion during the billing process. Frequent interaction with payor sources to stay abreast with any plan-specific agreements or changes in regulations is a best practice in the UM space.